

Toward a m^3 DHCAL prototype with an integrated readout

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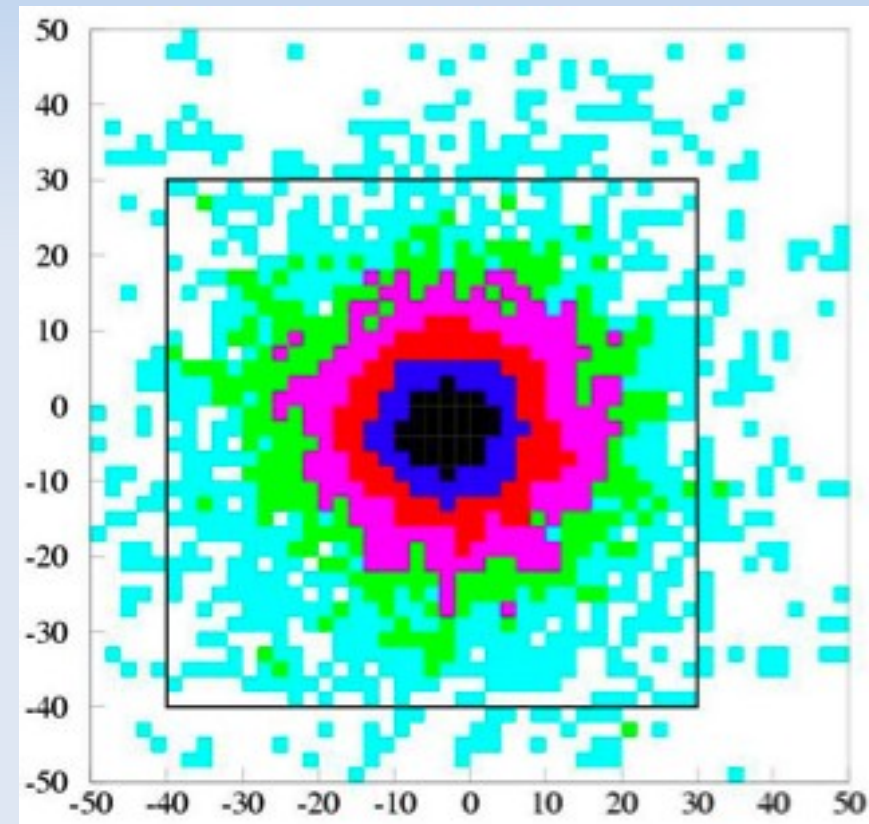


Overview

- Case for a digital calorimeter
- Detectors :
 - ▶ μ MEGAS
 - ◆ Characterisation
 - ▶ RPC
- Digital Readout by ASICs
 - ▶ HARDROC
 - ▶ DIRAC
- Integration & Debug Card: DHCAL1 & readout
- Cosmic tests
- 1 m² prototype
 - ▶ Validation of large surface detector & readout
- 1 m³ prototype
- First use new gen. of EUDET DAQ2
 - ▶ see V. Bartsch talk
- *Efforts of integration in ILD & SiD*
 - ▶ *Mechanical & simulation*
 - ▶ See corresponding talks

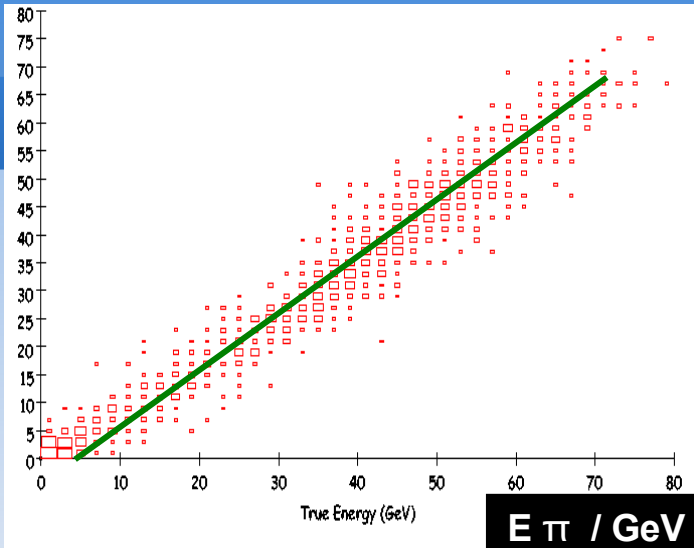
Case for a Digital **HA**dronic **CAL**orimeter

- 1 or 2 bits of information per cell
 - ▶ Finer granularity → $1 \times 1 \text{ cm}^2 \times 40 \text{ planes}$
 - ◆ Ideal for a **PFA** approach
 - ▶ Cheaper, simpler, more robust detectors
 - ◆ GRPC, μ MEGAS, GEM's
- Gaseous detectors
 - ▶ insensitivity to neutrons
 - ◆ narrower showers (99% of hits in $70 \times 70 \text{ cm}^2$ for 100 GeV π)
 - ◆ suppression of big fluctuations
- Recovery of information ?
 - ▶ counting
 - ◆ improvement: 3 thresholds
 - ▶ topology
 - ◆ clustering



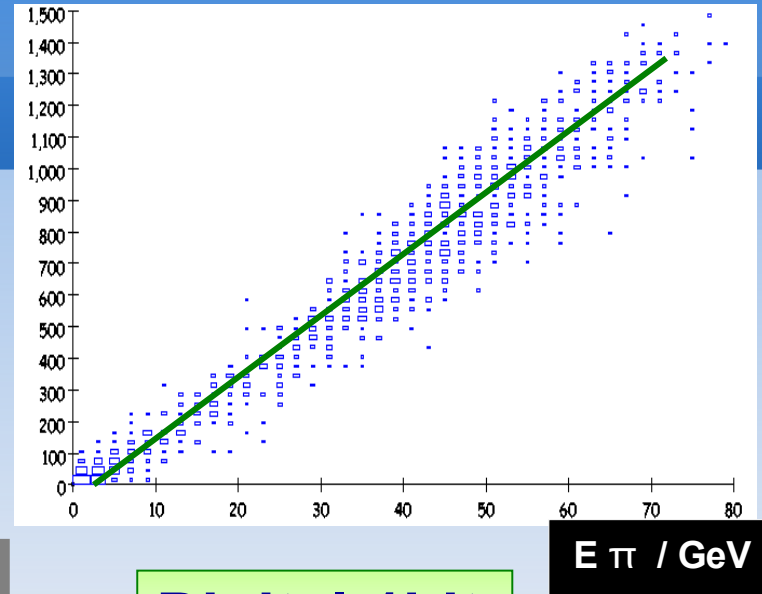
See note LC-DET-2004-029

Edep



Analog

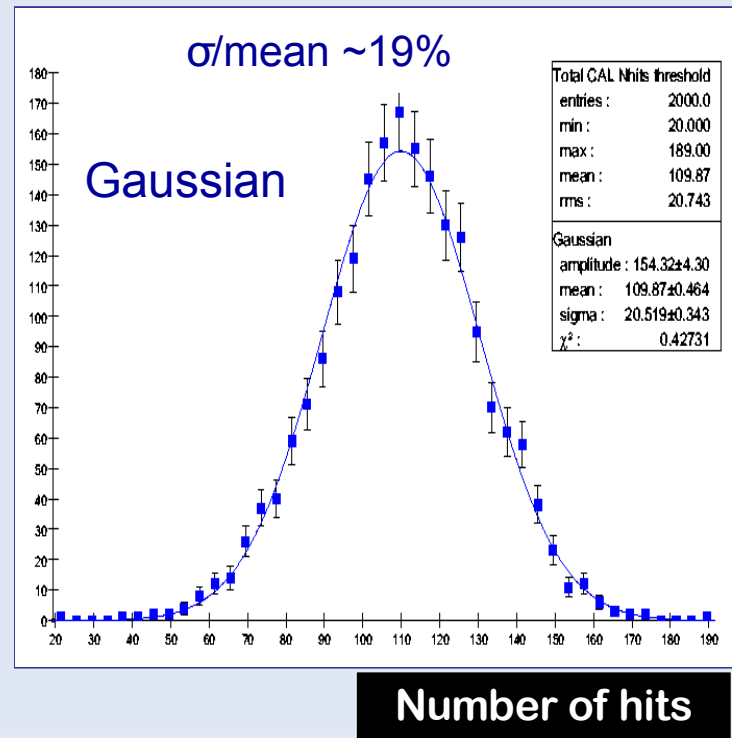
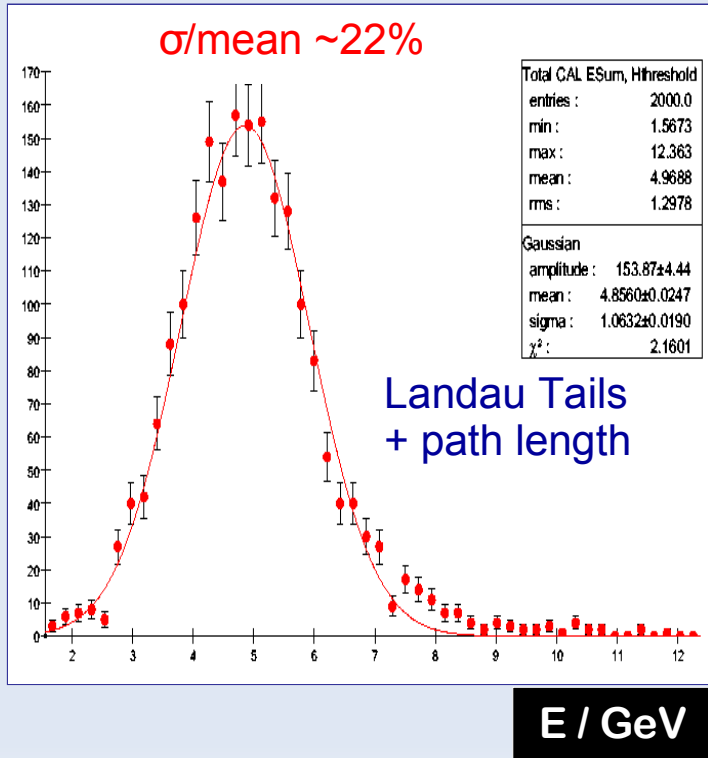
N hits



Digital-1bit

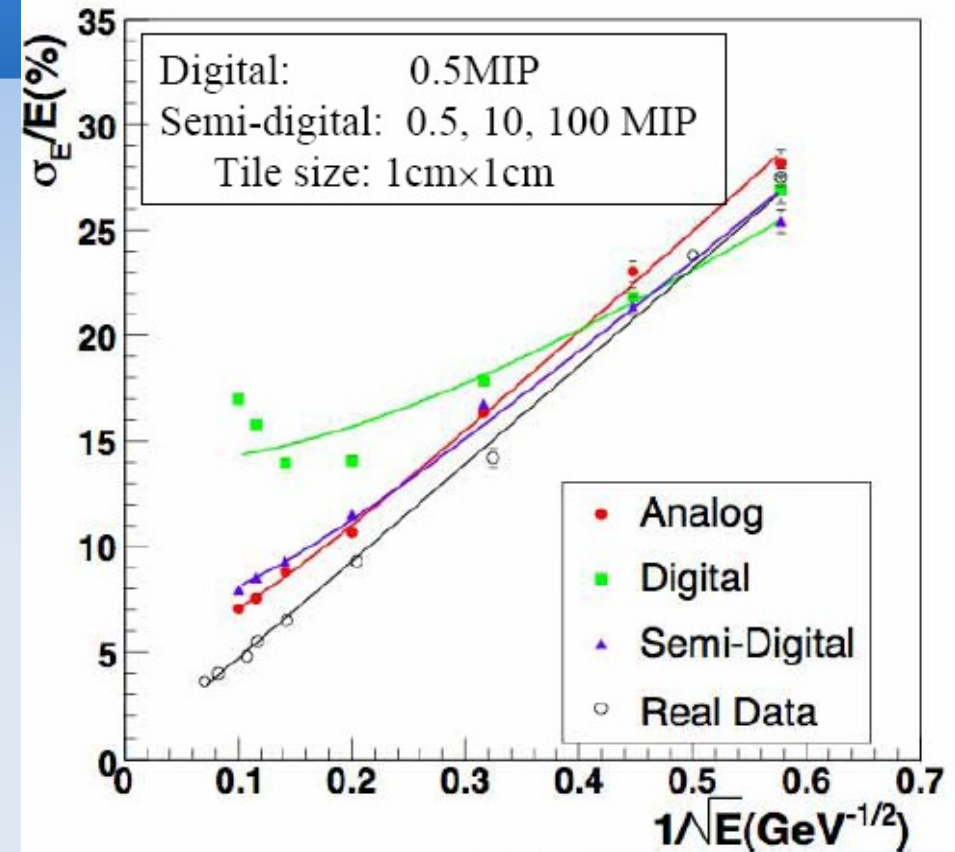
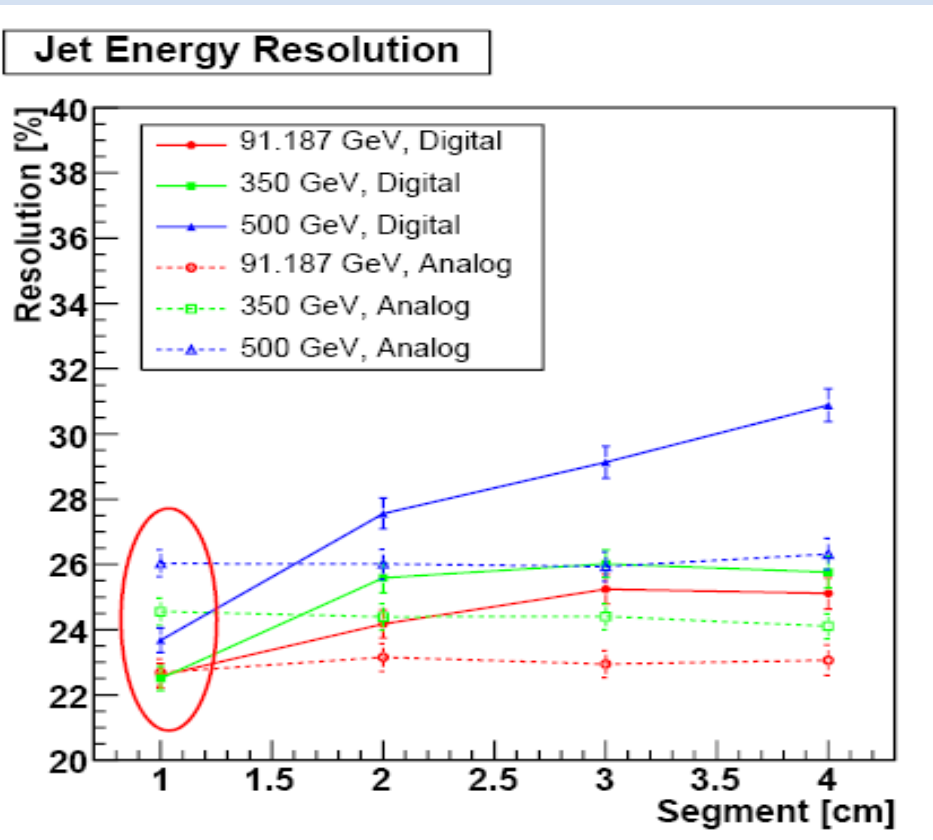
Simulation Calice

π^+ 5 GeV



Resolution studies

- GLD HCAL study by KEK Group
 - ▶ 3 thresholds (0.5, 10, 100 MIP's)
 - ▶ 1x1 cm² tiles
- 1 bit better @ low E



- $e^+e^- \rightarrow qq$ (uds)
 - ▶ $\sqrt{s} = 91, 350, 500$ GeV
- Assuming Perfect PFA
- → Better jet resolution

H MATSUNAGA

Pramana J. Phys., Vol. 69,
No. 6, December 2007

DHCAL's in the Calice Collaboration

■ USA:

See pres. of J. Repond

- ▶ GRPC / GEMs
- ▶ Physics prototype
- ▶ Binary (1 bit) R/O

■ EUROPE:

- ▶ GRPC / μ MEGAS
- ▶ Technological prototype
 - ◆ embedded RO electronics
- ▶ Semi digital R/O

■ France, Russia, Spain

*CIEMAT, IHEP, IPNL, LAL,
LAPP, LLR*

■ ~25 persons

■ Funding:

CNRS/IN2P3 + EUDET + French
ANR

Gaseous detector technology

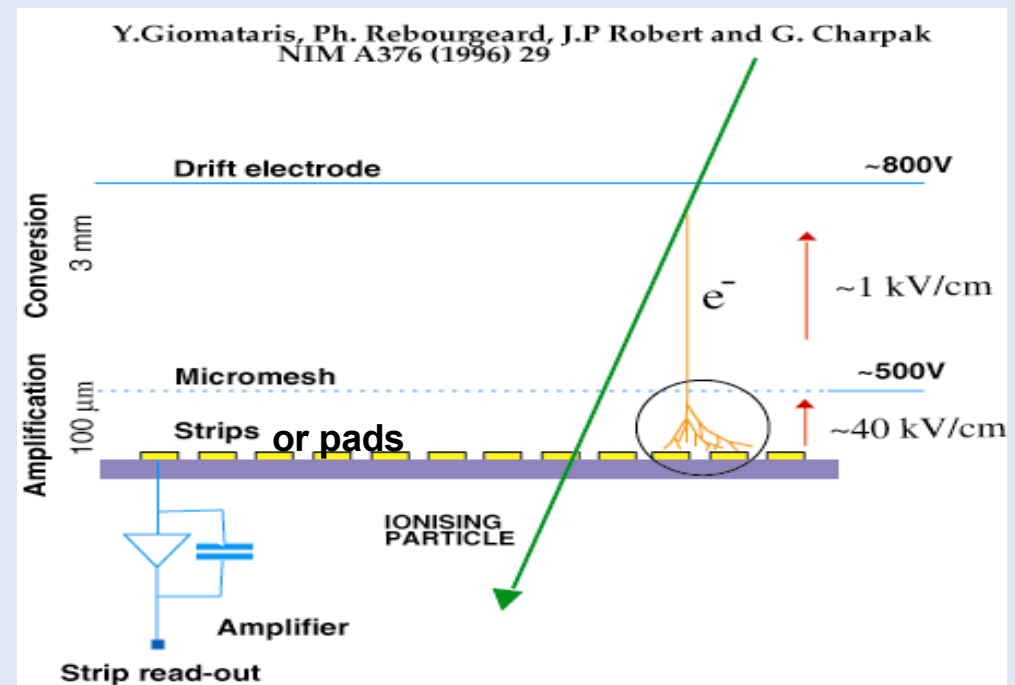
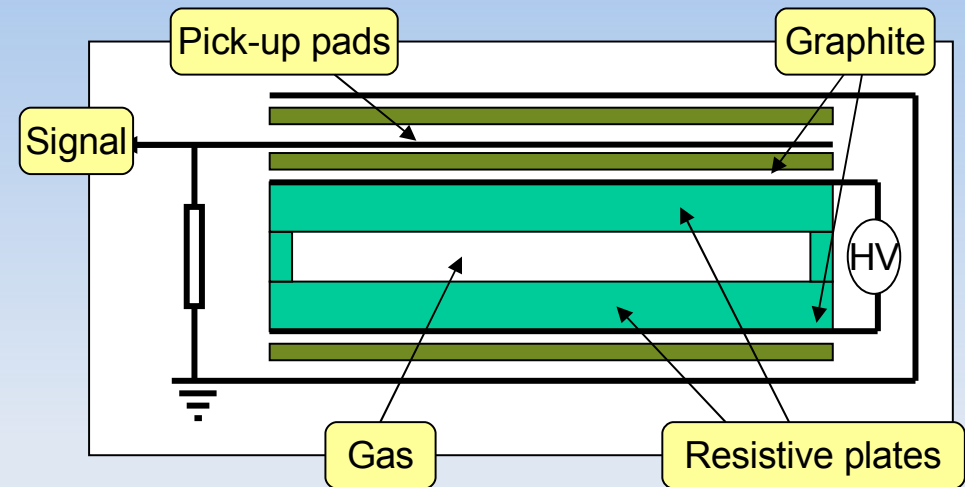
■ Detectors

▶ GRPC (IHEP+IPNL)

- ◆ simple, robust,
rate ≤ 100 Hz/cm²

▶ μ MEGAS: (LAPP)

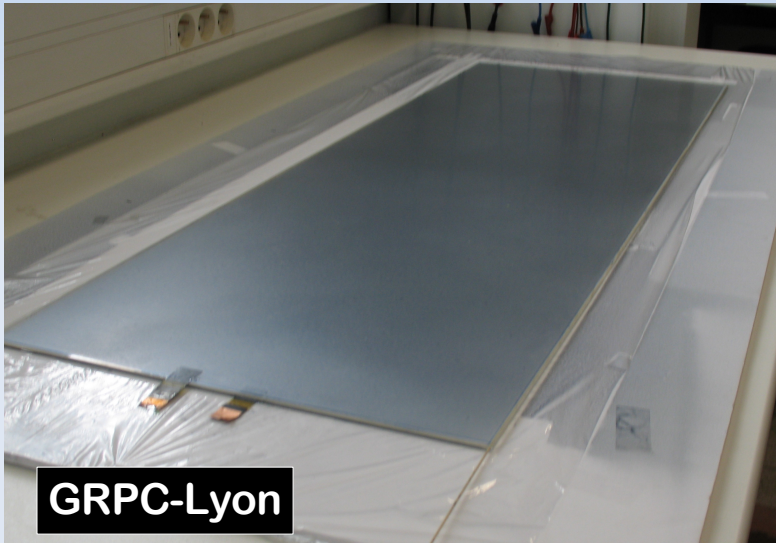
- ◆ robust, high rates,
delicate implementation



Detectors: prototypes

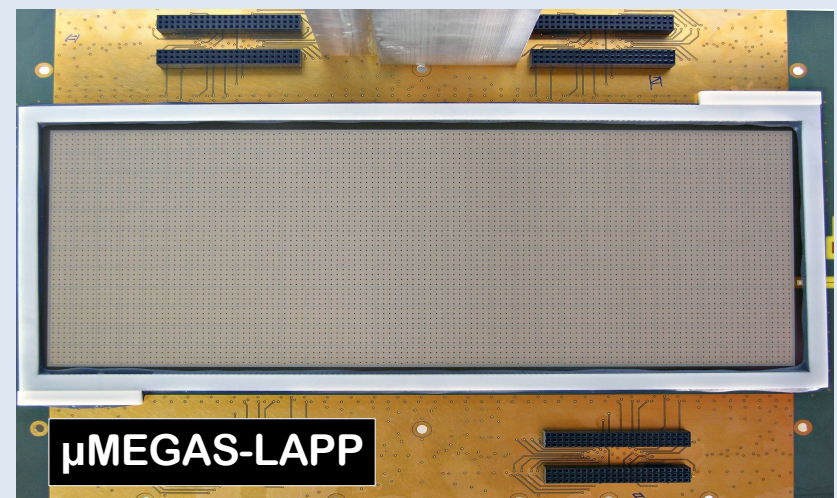
■ GRPC:

- ▶ 8×8 , 32×8 , 50×32 , 100×32 , 100×100
1 cm²-pad : already produced and tested.



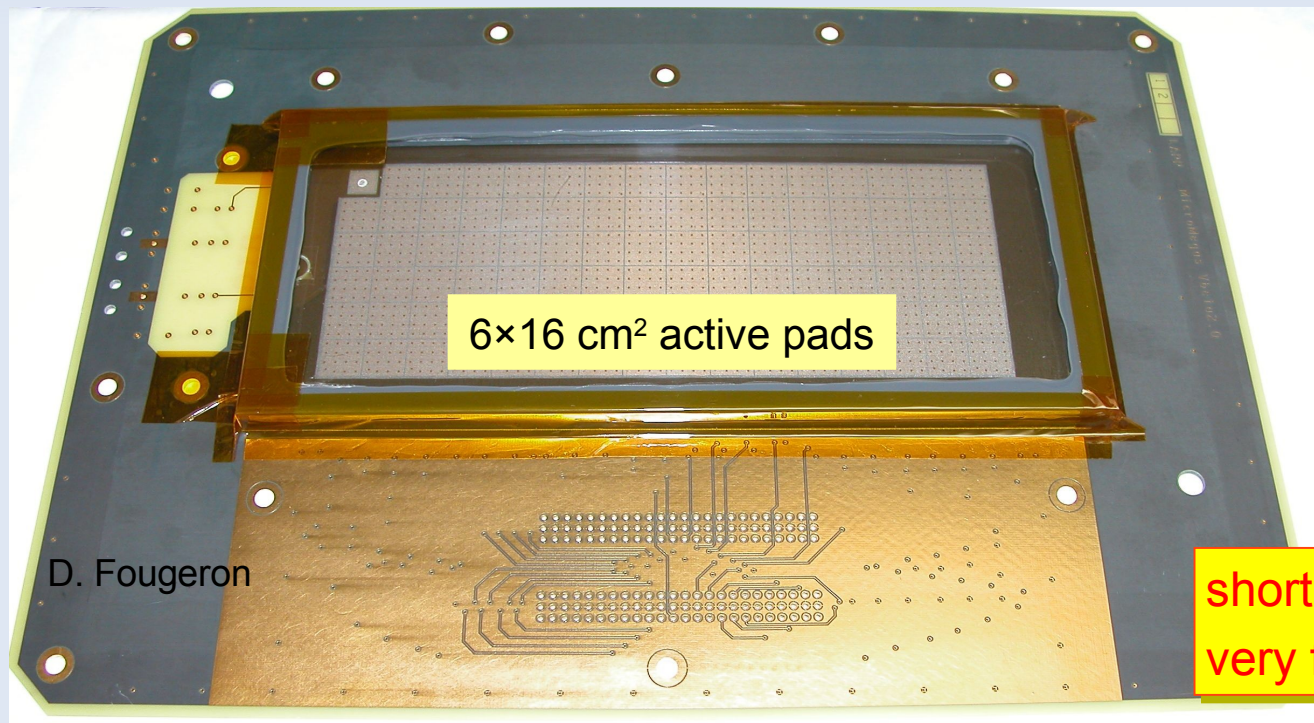
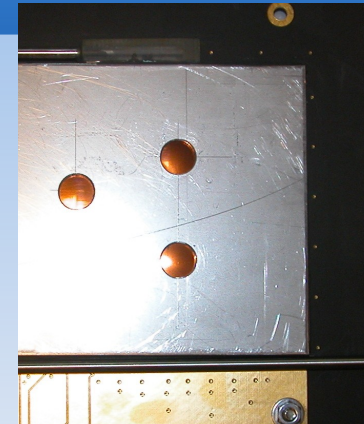
■ μ MEGAS:

- ▶ 16×6 , 32×8 , 32×12
1 cm²-pads: produced and tested.
- ▶ Larger size detectors are under development



μ Megas Prototypes

- PCB rooting with great care (4 layers)
- Stainless Steel top with holes for X-rays
- 5 μm thick copper drift cathode
- Chamber assembly in clean environment

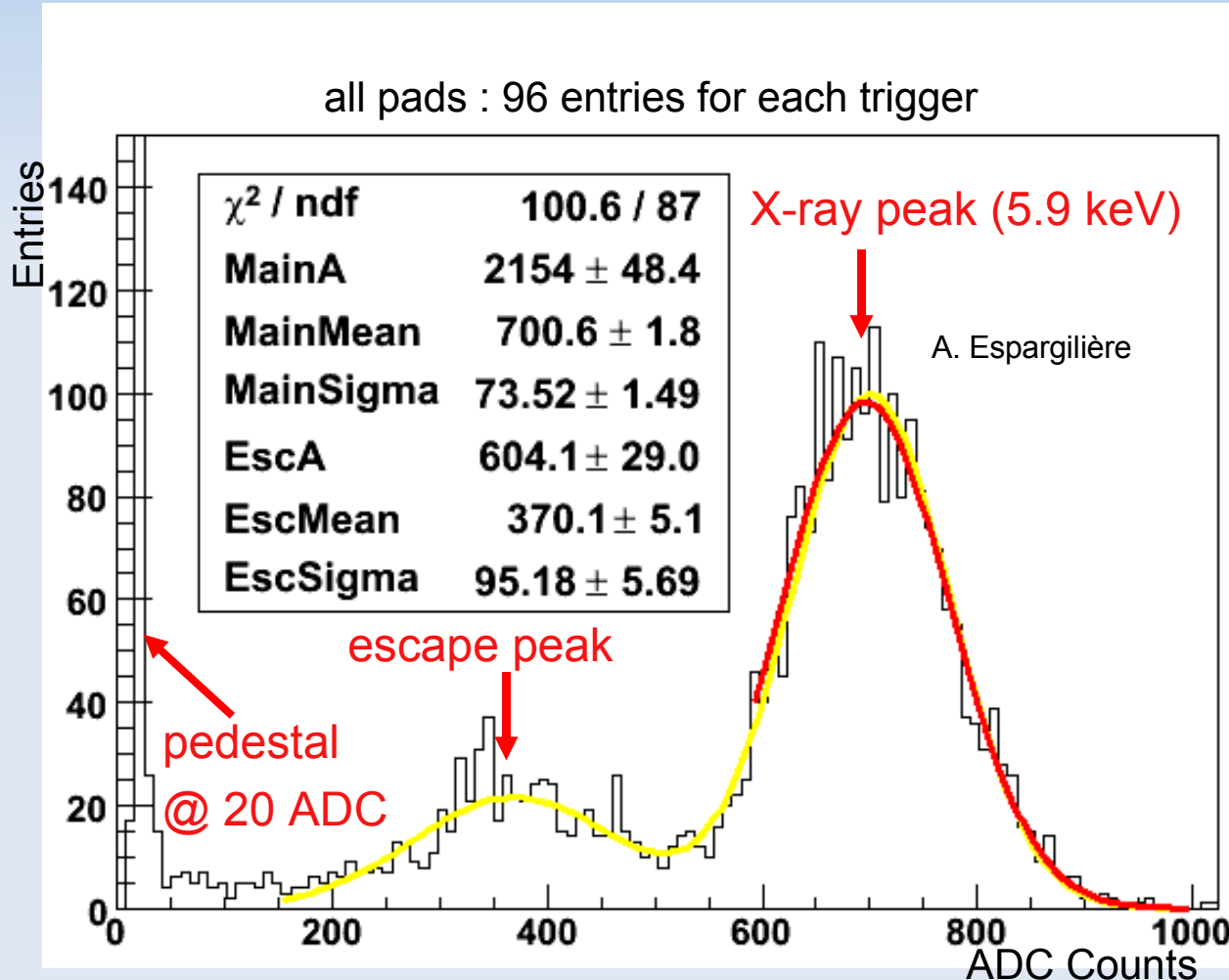


short dust burning time !
very few sparks during functioning

μ MEGAS: X rays response

- ^{55}Fe source (5.9 keV \approx 228 e- in drift volume)
- Trigger on mesh : preamp (T output) + fast ampli

V_{mesh}	= 420 V
V_{drift}	= 470 V
E_{mesh}	= 35 kV/cm
E_{drift}	= 167 V/cm

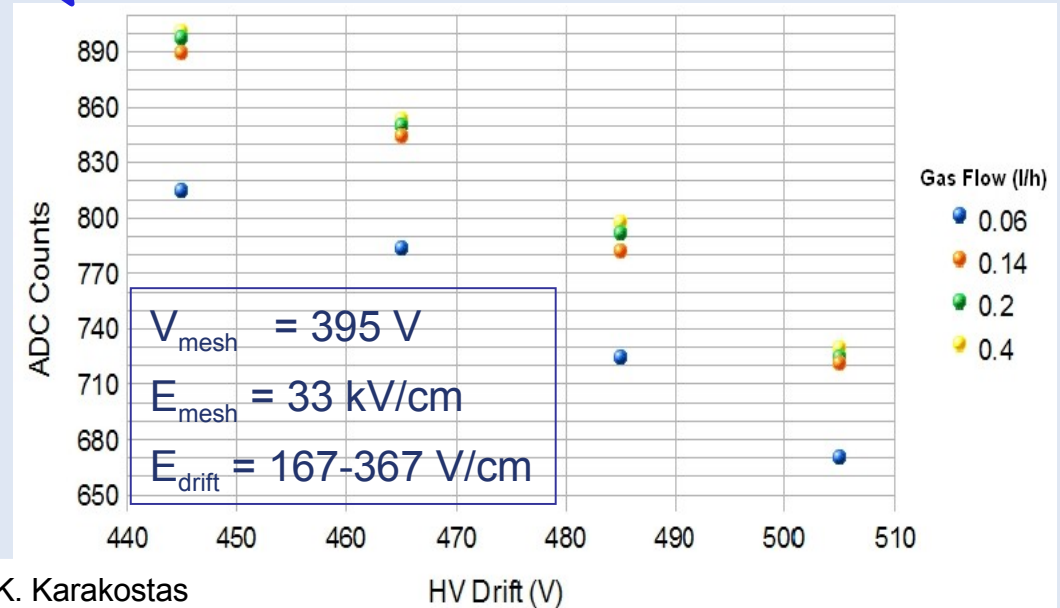
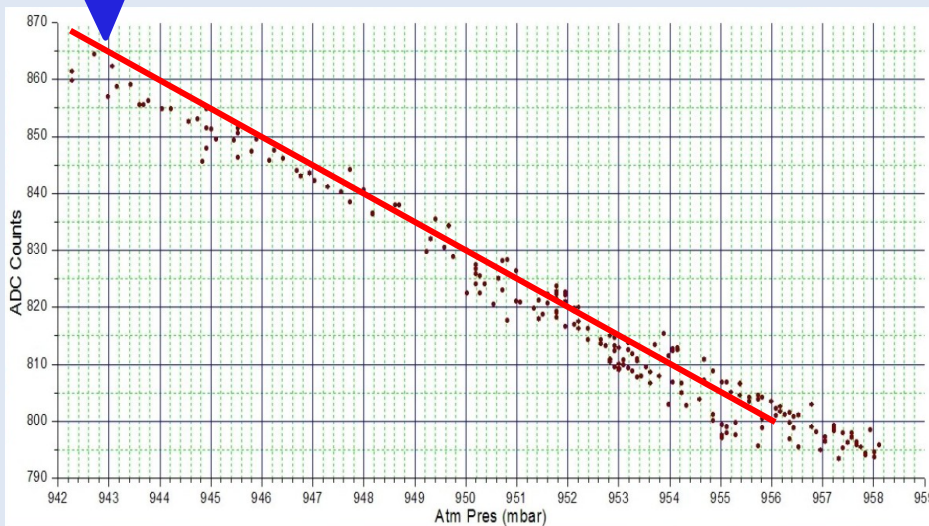
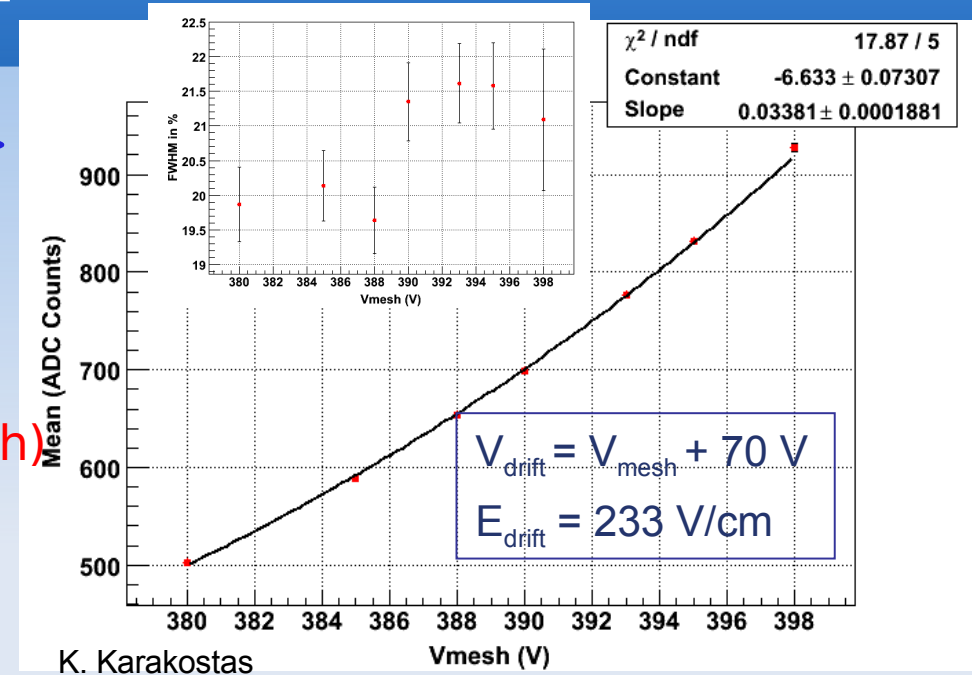


Gassiplex Readout :
Peak = 680 ADC cnts
= 996 mV
 $\approx 277 \text{ fC}$
Gain ≈ 7600
FWHM = 25.5%

T2K(same techno) :
FWHM = 26%

μ MEGAS: X rays response

- vs V_{mesh}
 - ▶ expected exp. behaviour
- vs V_{drift} and Gas flow dependencies
 - ▶ Saturates for Flow > 0.20 l/h (7 vol/h)
 - ▶ Gain \searrow when Drift field \nearrow
- Stability vs atm pressure
 - ▶ Slope = - 2 fC/mbar

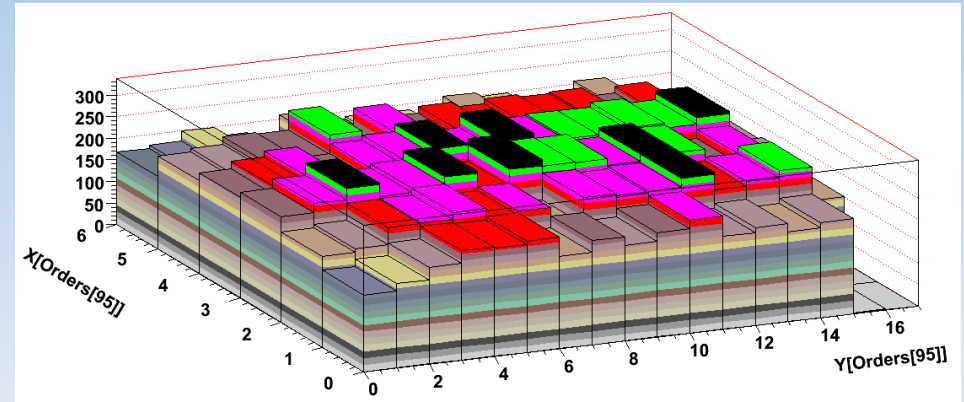


K. Karakostas

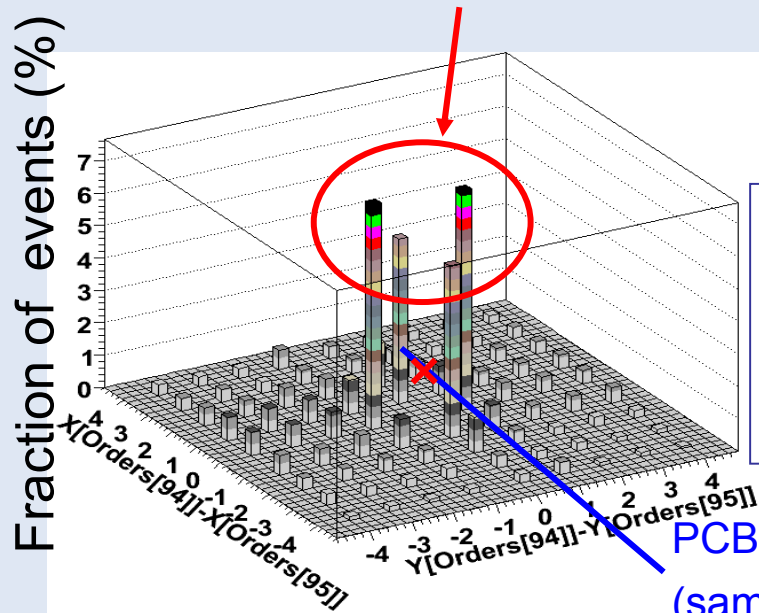
μMEGAS: X-talk from Cosmics

- Trig on 3 scint. coinc.
- MIPs selections:
 - ▶ Charge ~ 32 fC
 - Gain ~ 6900
- X-talk:
 - ▶ 20% of events have events to highest E pad

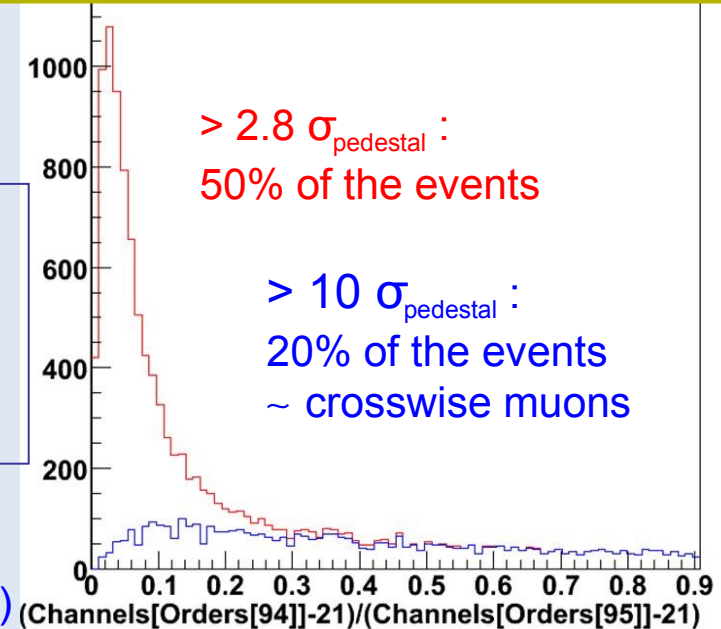
Chamber mapping (geographic occupancy)



Signal(second pad) / Signal(muon pad)



V_{mesh}	= 410 V
V_{drift}	= 470 V
E_{mesh}	= 34 kV/cm
E_{drift}	= 167 V/cm

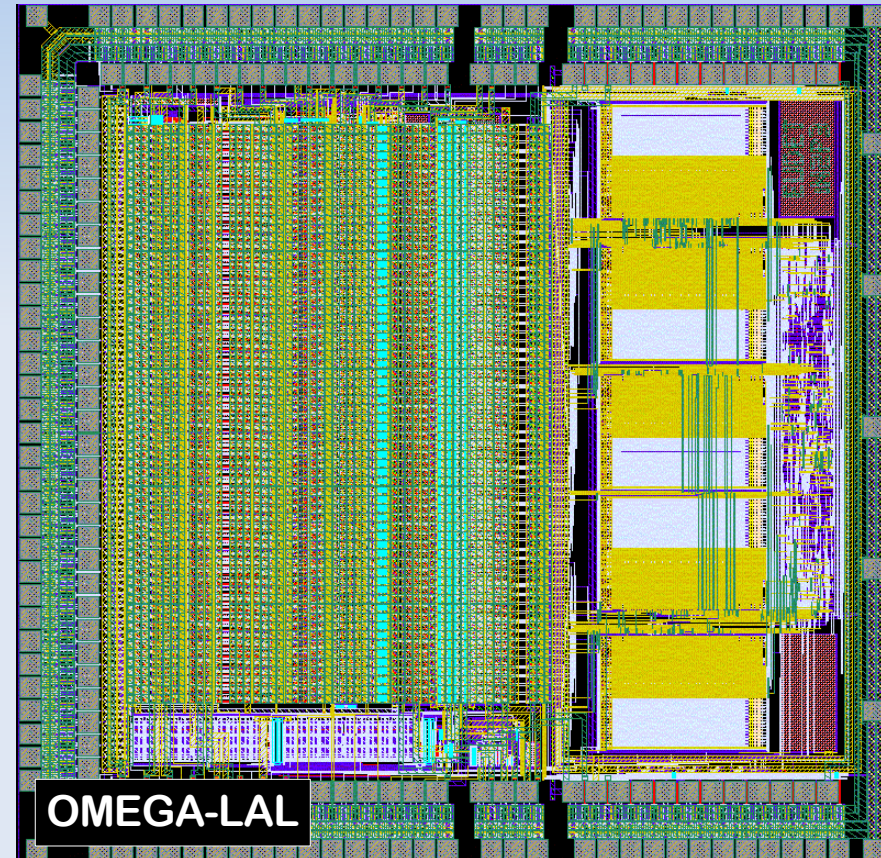


HARDROC

Prototype for 2nd gen. of ROC ASIC's
(incl. local storage)
→ ECAL, AHCAL

- 64 channels, 16 mm²
- Digital/analogue output.
- 2 thresholds (3 very soon)
- low consumption
 - ▶ < 10 μ W/ch
 - ▶ Power pulsing
- Digital memory
 - ▶ 128 events
 - ▶ ASIC ID, BC ID, hits
- Large gain range
 - ▶ Channel wise
- X-talks < 2%
- Threshold > 10 fC
 - ▶ Adequate for GRPC*

2nd gen coming soon



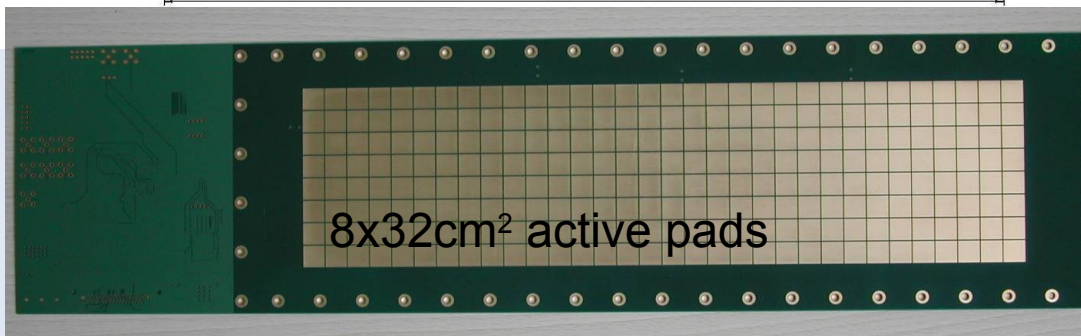
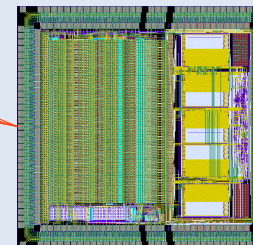
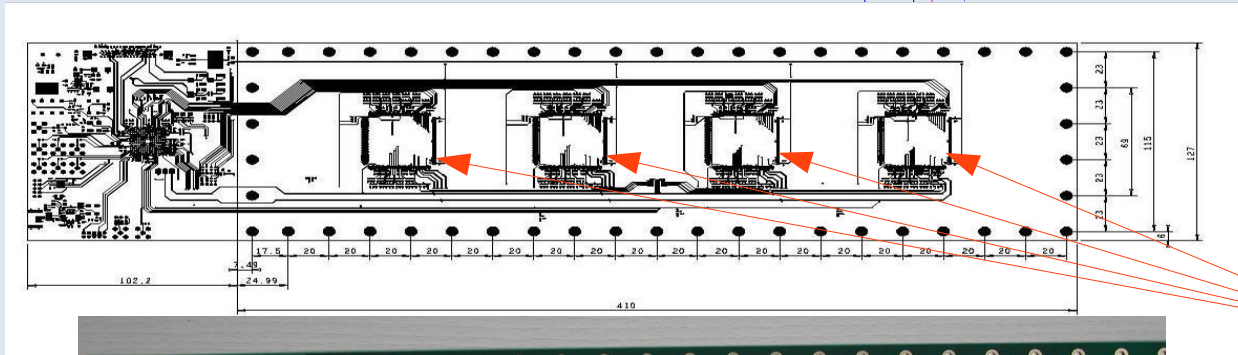
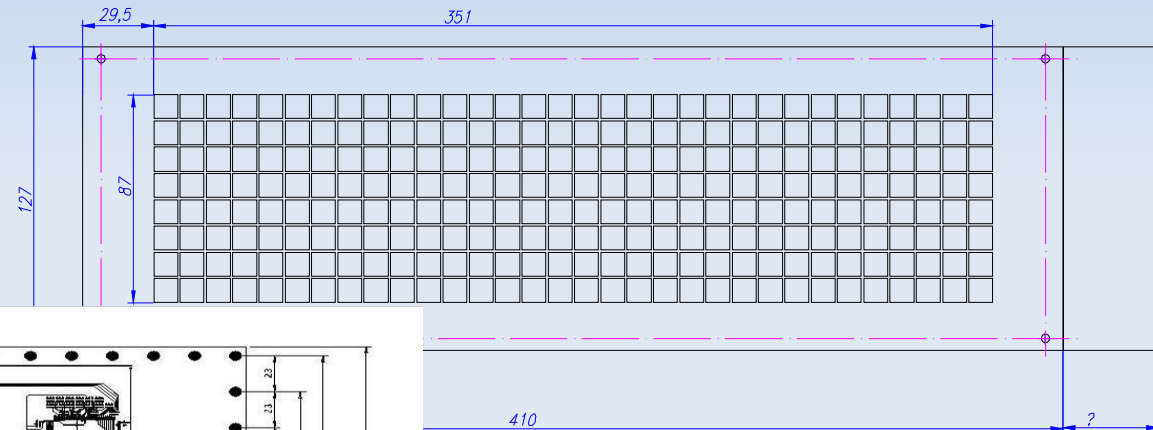
* For μ MEGAS another ASIC is developed in IPNL with a threshold as low as 3 fC

Readout system

- The 4 chips are daisy-chained and connected to a FPGA communicating with a PC through a USB device.
- All components on the same PCB
- Firmware + Software (generic ROC interface library) developed LLR
 - ▶ Config loading
 - ▶ Acquisition modes
 - ▶ Readout & Debug
- Acquisition modes
 - ▶ Internal triggers
 - ▶ External triggers : cosmics & test beam
- Data output: The two kinds of data output of the HARDROC chips are accessible: **digital** and **analogue**

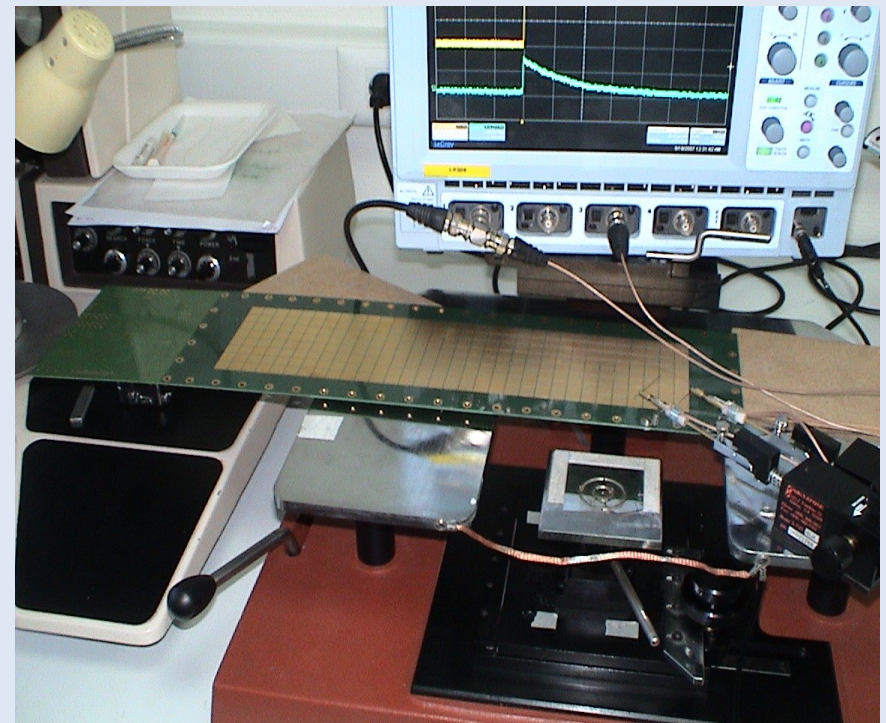
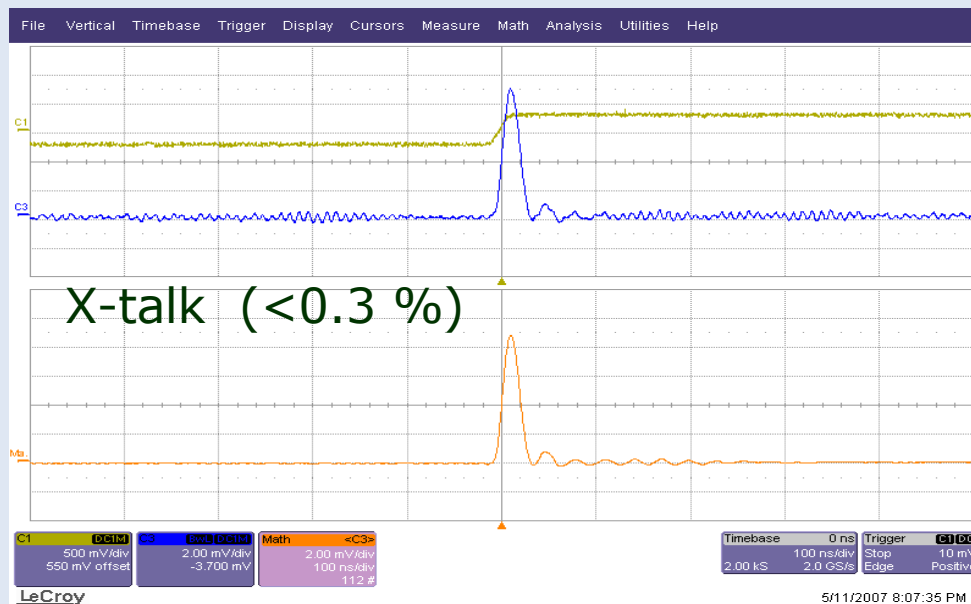
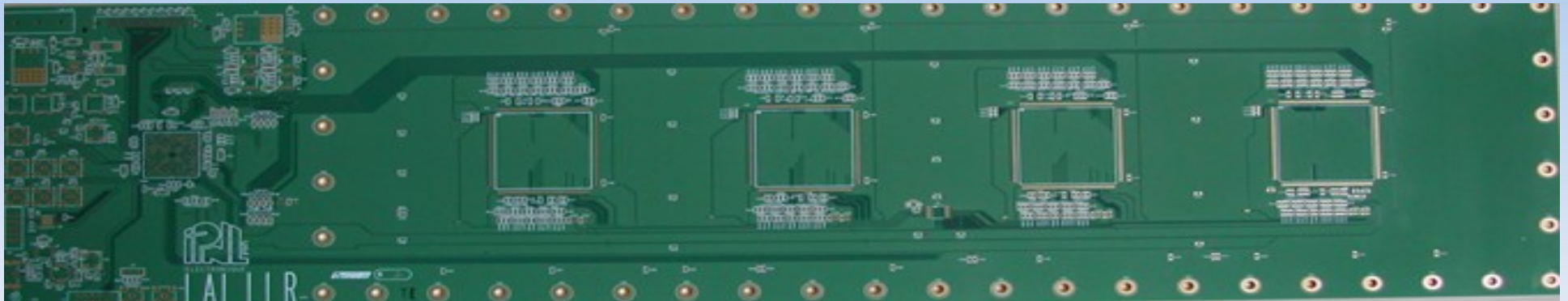
DHCAL1 test card

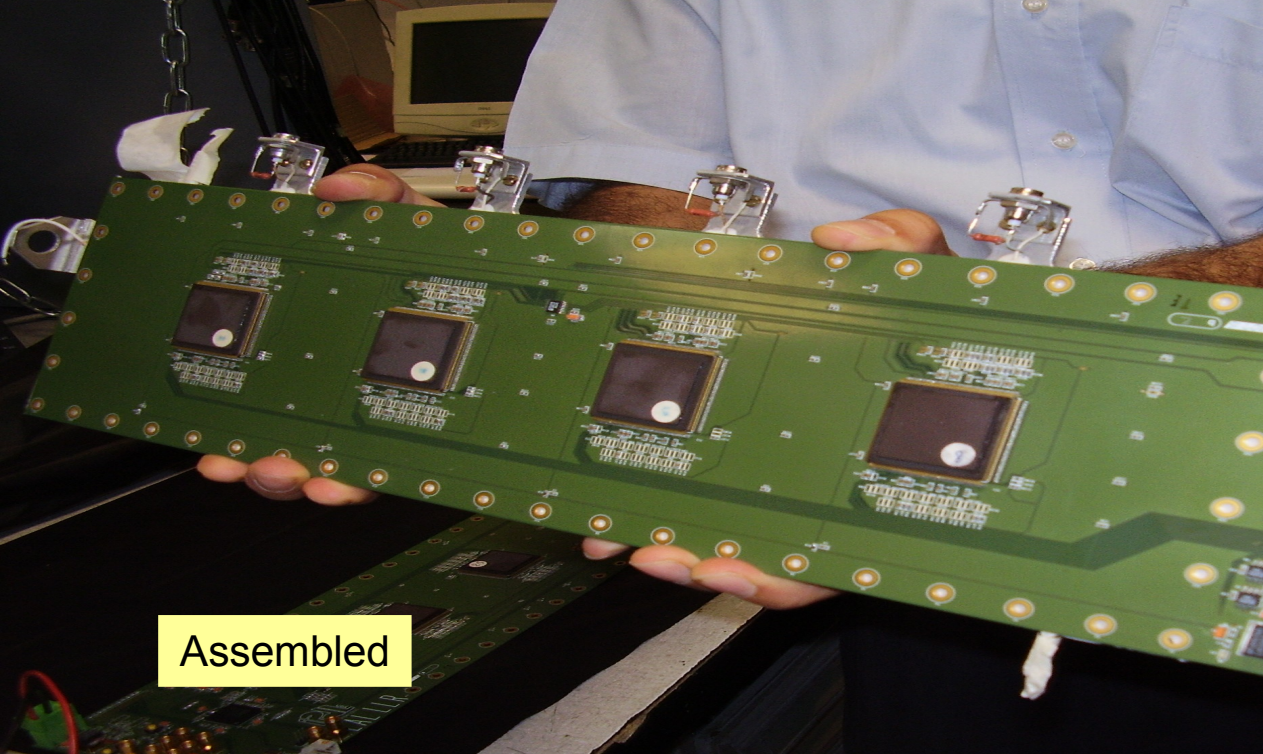
- 8×32 pads detector (GRPC and μ MEGAS)
- 8-layer PCB
- 4 ASICs: HARDROC (Omega-LAL)
 - ▶ 64 ch
 - ▶ 2 thresholds
- Readout USB + FPGA



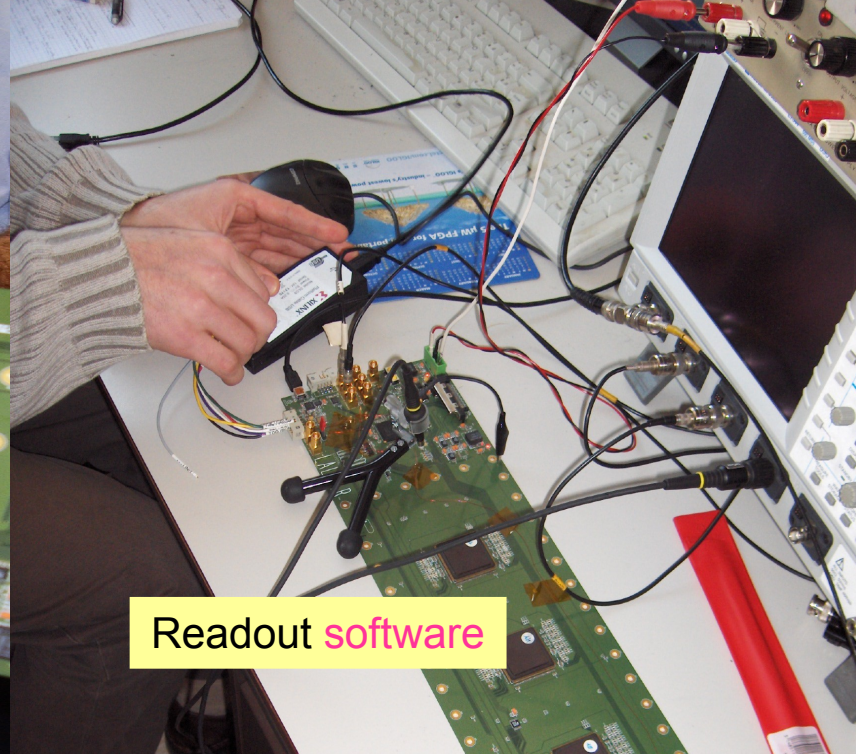
June 07:

- **8-layer PCB , 800 μm thick**
- **8 \times 32 pads of 1 cm^2 and 500 μm separation**





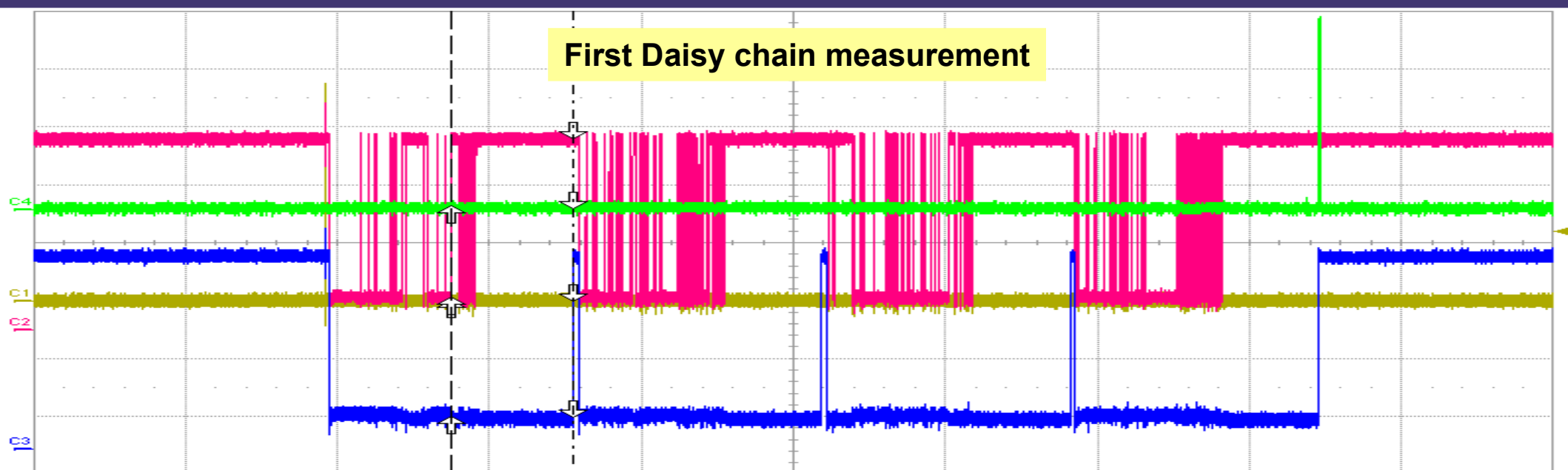
Assembled



Readout software

Fichier Vertical Base de temps Déclenchement Affichage Curseurs Mesure Math Analyse Utilitaires Aide

First Daisy chain measurement



C1	DC1M	C2	DC1M	C3	DC1M	C4	DC1M	Tbase	-616 μ s	Déclencher	C1 DC
1	1.00 V/div	1	1.00 V/div	1	1.00 V/div	1	1.00 V/div	200 kS	200 μ s/div	Normal	1.19 V
T	-1.010 V ofst	T	-1.500 V ofst	T	-3.560 V ofst	T	570 mV offset	100 MS/s	100 MS/s	Front	Positive
Δ y	12 mV	Δ y	3.310 V	Δ y	558 mV	Δ y	26 mV	X1=	325.79 μ s	Δ X=	-160.00 μ s
	5 mV		536 mV		536 mV		48 mV	X2=	165.79 μ s	1/ Δ X=	-6.2500 kHz
	-7 mV		-2.774 V		-22 mV		22 mV				

LeCroy

Waiting for Trigger

Labview DAQ

Friendly **labview** based system was developed

* Two thresholds

* Gain value of each channel can be Chosen in [0-63]

Calibration is done automatically for all channels by injecting charge through internal capacitors

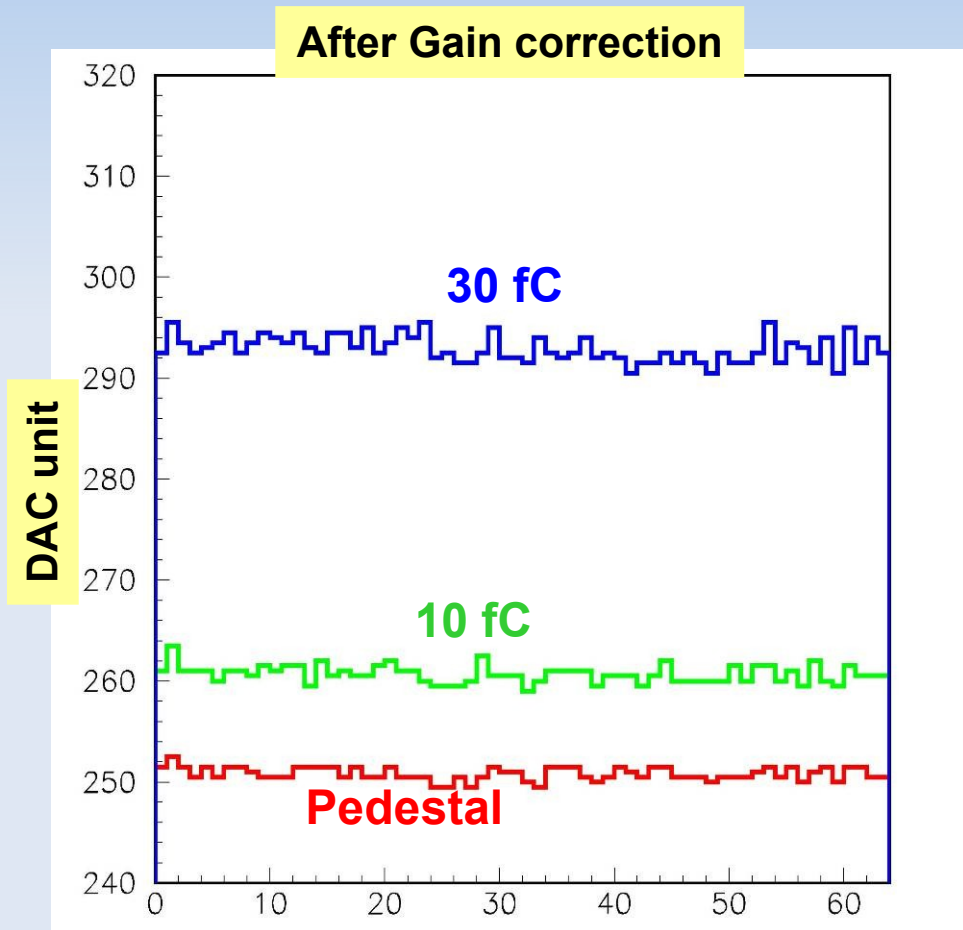
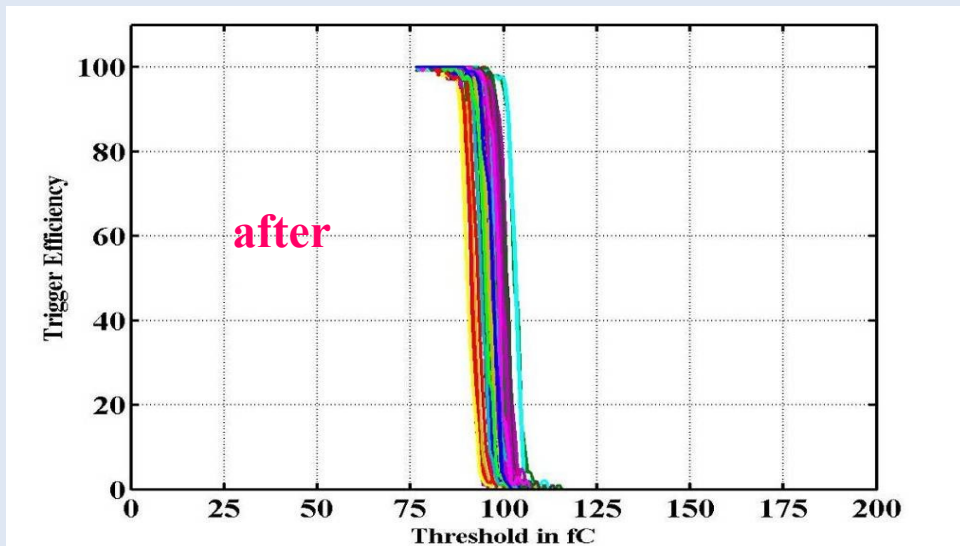
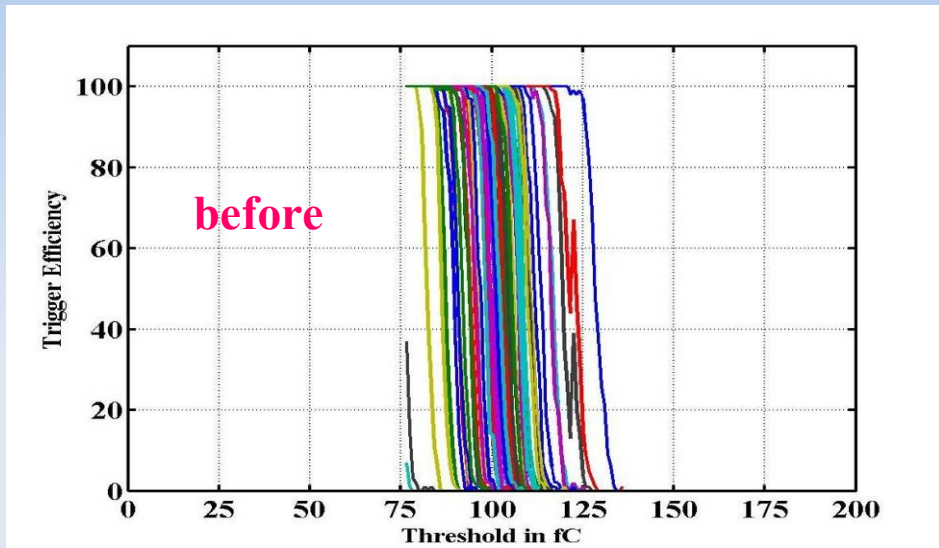
The screenshot shows the Labview DAQ software interface with the following components:

- Navigation Tabs:** SLOW CONTROL, LECTURE ANALOGIQUE, ACQUISITION, TESTS.
- File Selection:** File_device (devices.tmp), File_registers (DHCAL1_Registers.csv), File_slowControlParameters (slowControlParameters.csv).
- Get Error:** Transmit Successful...
- Device Info:** Dev 0: Flags=0x00000000, Type=0x00000000, ID=0x4C4C4448, SerialNumber=USB_DH1_00, Description=DHCAL1 BOARD, #Handle=0x00000000.
- Buttons:** Read start setup, Recall setup, Save setup, Delete setup.
- Slow Control Tab:** Flag Slow Control, cTest, Coment, Last Setup.
- Table:** A table with 6 columns: Index, Name, ValueASIC1, ValueASIC2, ValueASIC3, ValueASIC4. It lists various ASIC parameters and their values.
- Parameter Editor:** Name (preamp_gain(0)(5:0)), One Asic (ValueASIC2), Old_Value (10), New_Value (10). Buttons: Replace One Asic, Replace All Asic, Replace One Asic All Gain, Replace All Asic All Gain.
- Buttons:** CLOSE USB, INIT USB, Send Slow Control, No (green button), transmit (green button).
- Footer:** STOP PROGRAM <Return>, R.DELLA NEGRA logo.

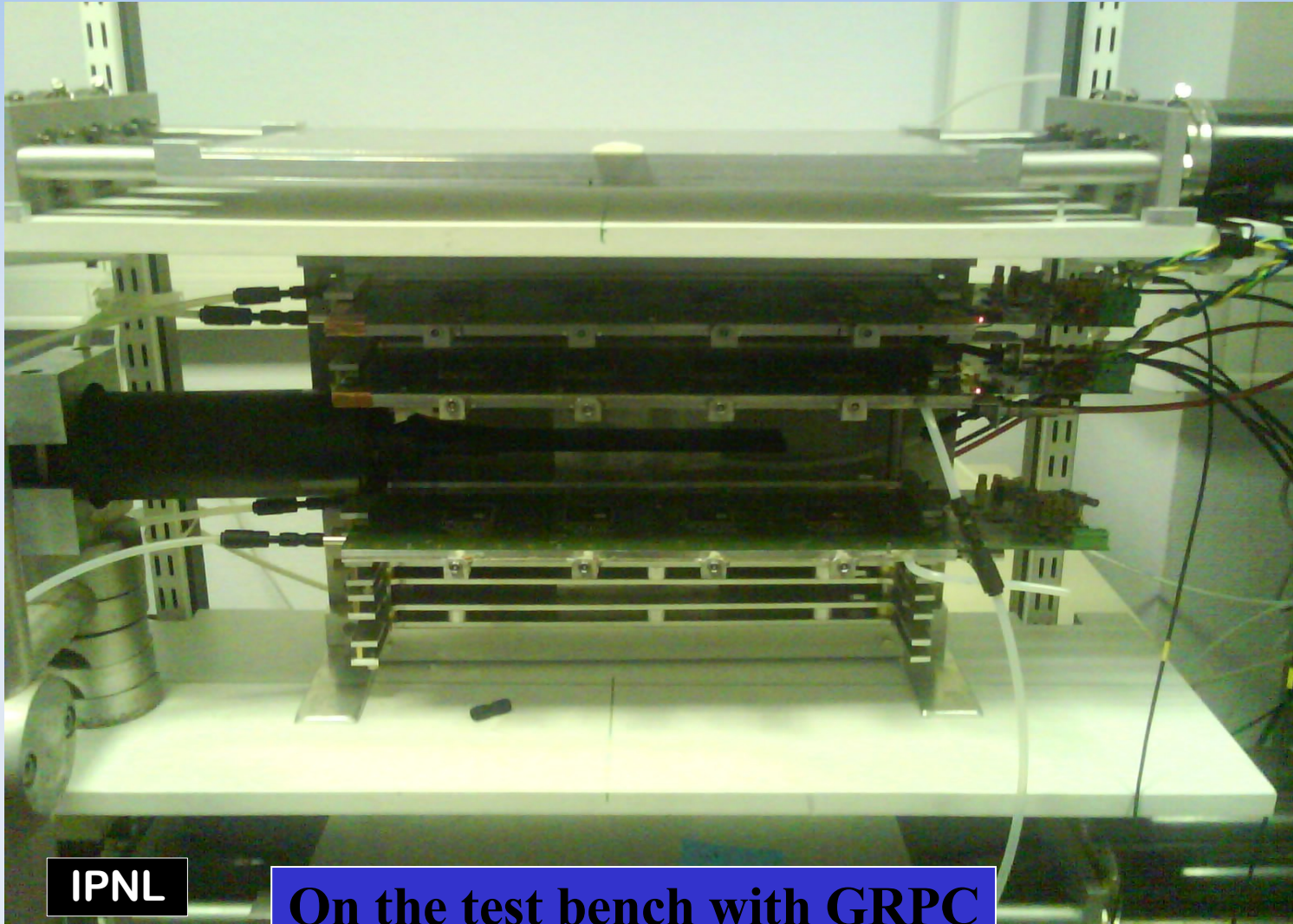
Index	Name	ValueASIC1	ValueASIC2	ValueASIC3	ValueASIC4
1	EN_RamFull	1	1	1	1
2	EN_Dout	1	1	1	1
3	En_TransmitOn	1	1	1	1
4	En_out_discr	1	1	1	1
12-5	Header(7:0)	0xAA	0x55	0xEE	0x77
13	bypass_chip	0	0	0	0
14	EN_out_trig_int	1	1	1	1
15	EN_trig_int	1	1	1	1
16	En_trig_ext	1	1	1	1
17	EN_out_raz_int	1	1	1	1
18	EN_raz_int	0	0	0	0
19	EN_raz_ext	1	1	1	1
20	not_used	0	0	0	0
84-21	Valid_trig(63:0)	0x0000000000000000	0x0000000000000000	0x0000000000000000	0x0000000000000000
94-85	dac0(9:0)	0x200	0x200	0x200	0x200
104-95	dac1(9:0)	0x200	0x200	0x200	0x200
105	ON_otadac	1	1	1	1

HArDROC : S-curves of 64 channels

- Using on chip electronic calibration



Cosmic bench



IPNL

On the test bench with GRPC

dhcal1_y2.lvlib:SousVisuMatricePixel.vi

Trig1

Trig0

Trig1

SLOW CONTROL LECTURE ANALOGIQUE ACQUISITION MODES/STATUS PCB

no_error Acquisition Acquiring Acq_Stop Period multi Trig_Int 26 Get Error
 Finish Run Transmit Successful
 File Name Data Time [ms] Nbr Trig before Read Raz Trig_ext 118
 Trame.txt 6418 1 init_file 30 234

START ACQUISITION STOP and READ DATA

Format Data Format Detector Image Detector Calibration Visu Monitor Status Pulse_gégn 1 RESET ALL

Play Sound MIN 50n Time Window 275n MAX Range_Max

Trig0 0 100n 200n 300n 400n 500n 600n 700n 800n 900n 1u 1u 1m 1s 10s Time Window
 RESET
 Nbr_TRIG0
 1
 1
 1
 0
 Display/Clear Pad Coord

Trig1 Display_All_Detector
 Nbr_TRIG1
 1
 1
 1
 0

Even_Poss	Even_lost	Trig_ext	Trig_ext_lost	Compteur[s]	Num_Even	Efficacité[%]	Trig_ext_lost[%]
60	4	28	15	100n	27	96.43	53.57
64	2	30	13	100n	29	96.67	43.33
121	1	30	13	100n	28	93.33	43.33
0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00

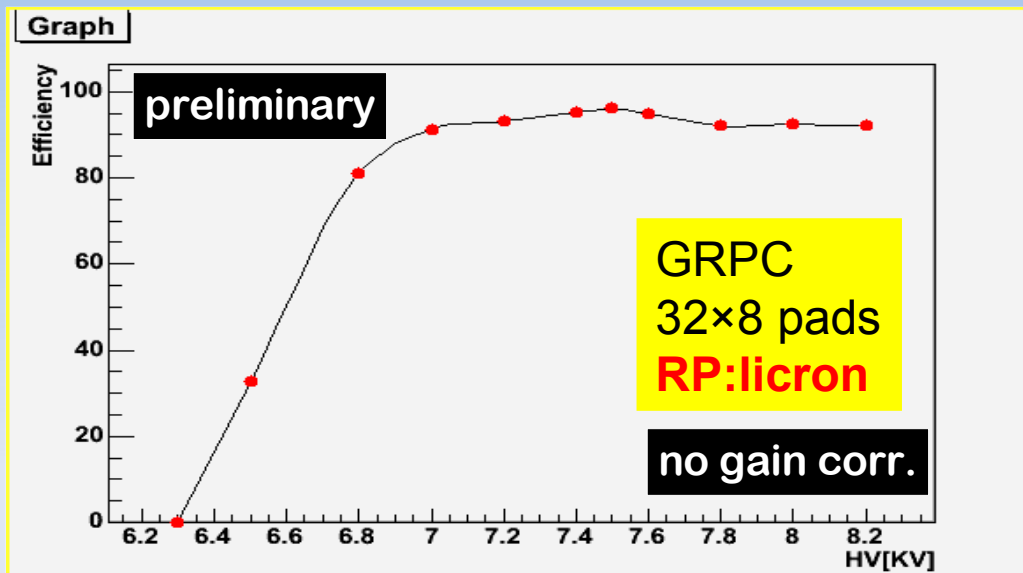
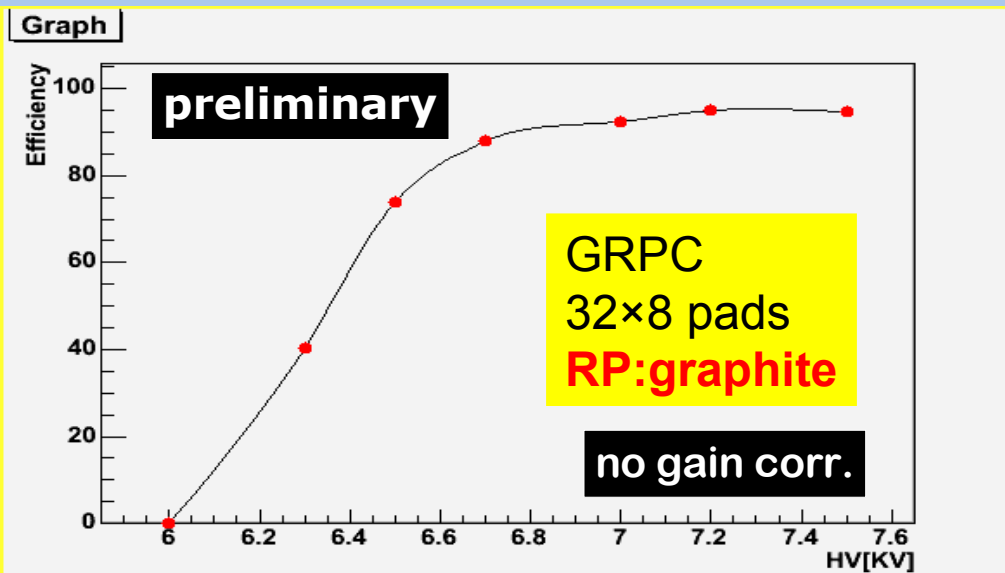
DISPLAY

STOP PROGRAM <Return>

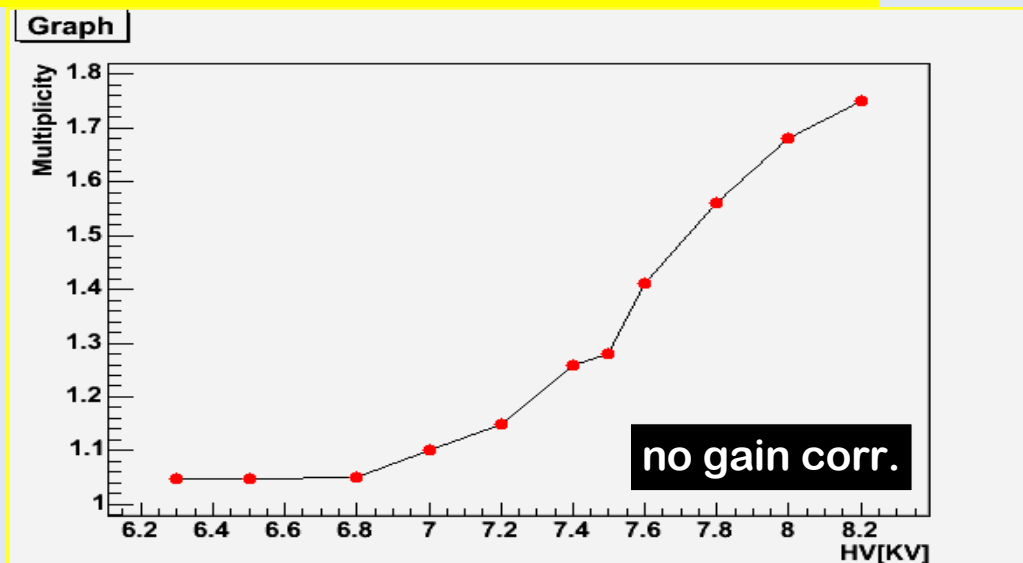
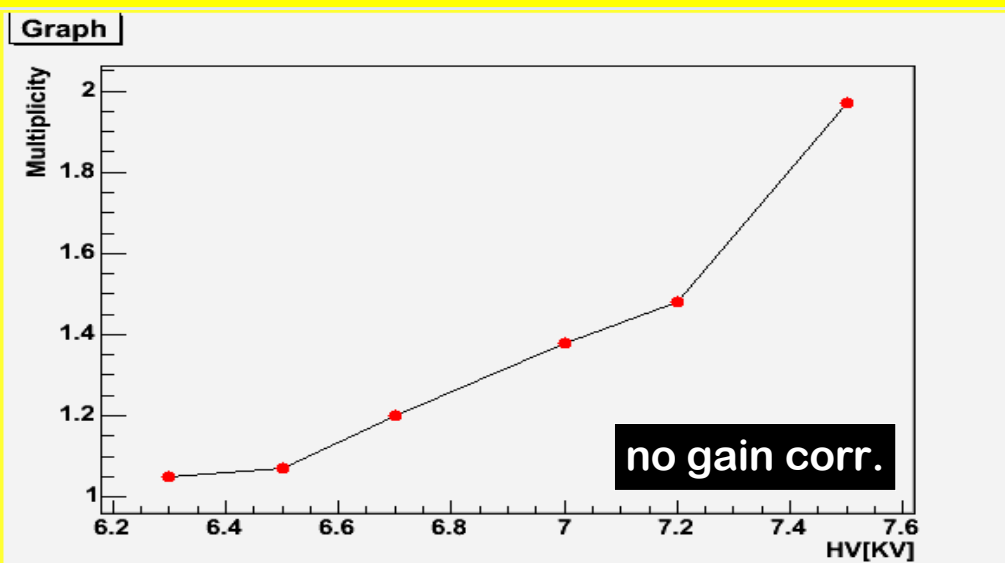
R.DELLA NEGRA transmit 23/04/2008 12:04:59

First results

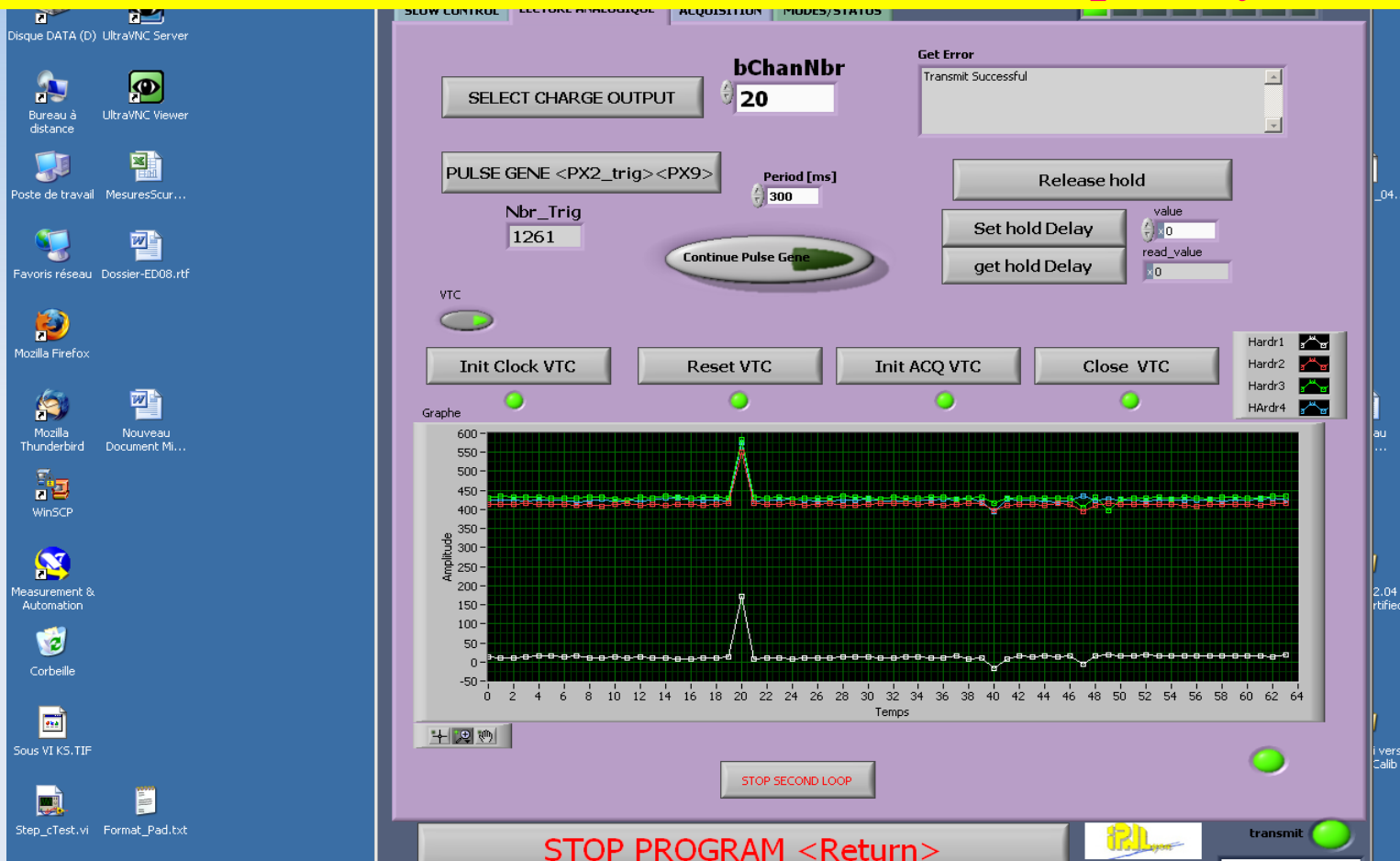
TFE	93%
Isobutene	5%
SF6	2%



Threshold ≈ 100 fc



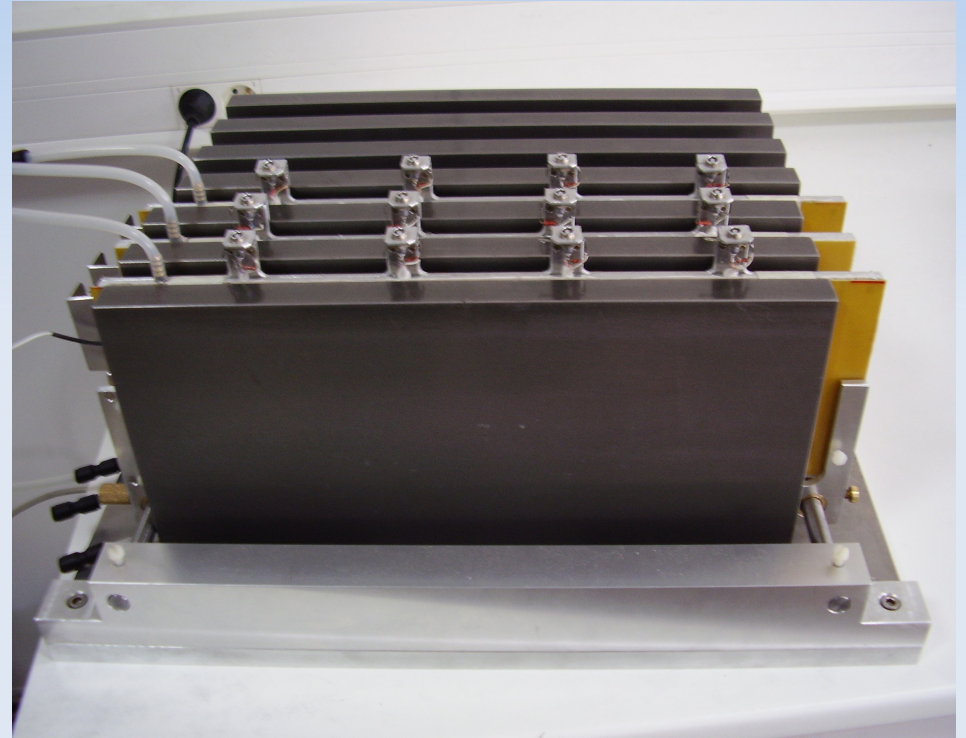
Analog readout was recently integrated and will be used to choose the thresholds adequately



Amplitude of the signal injected in one of the 64 channels of each of the 4 ASICs through internal capacitors

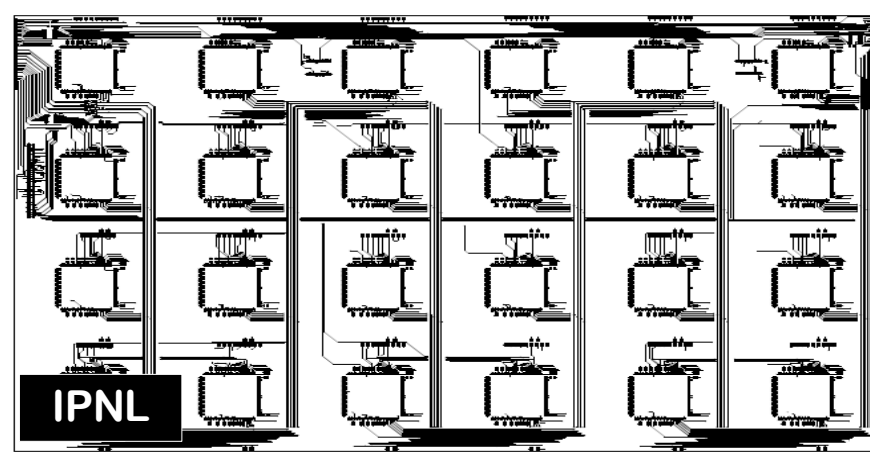
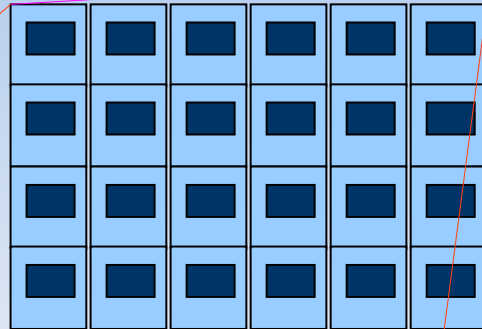
Beam tests

- 5 fully equipped detectors (32×8 pads each):
GRPC & μ MEGAS
- 10-17 July : CERN PS
 - ▶ μ , low energy π 's
- 3-11 August : CERN SPS
 - ▶ higher energy μ , π , e 's
- Program:
 - ▶ Efficiency and multiplicity
 - ◆ vs: angle, position, particle multiplicity
 - ▶ but also the first phase of the Hadronic shower

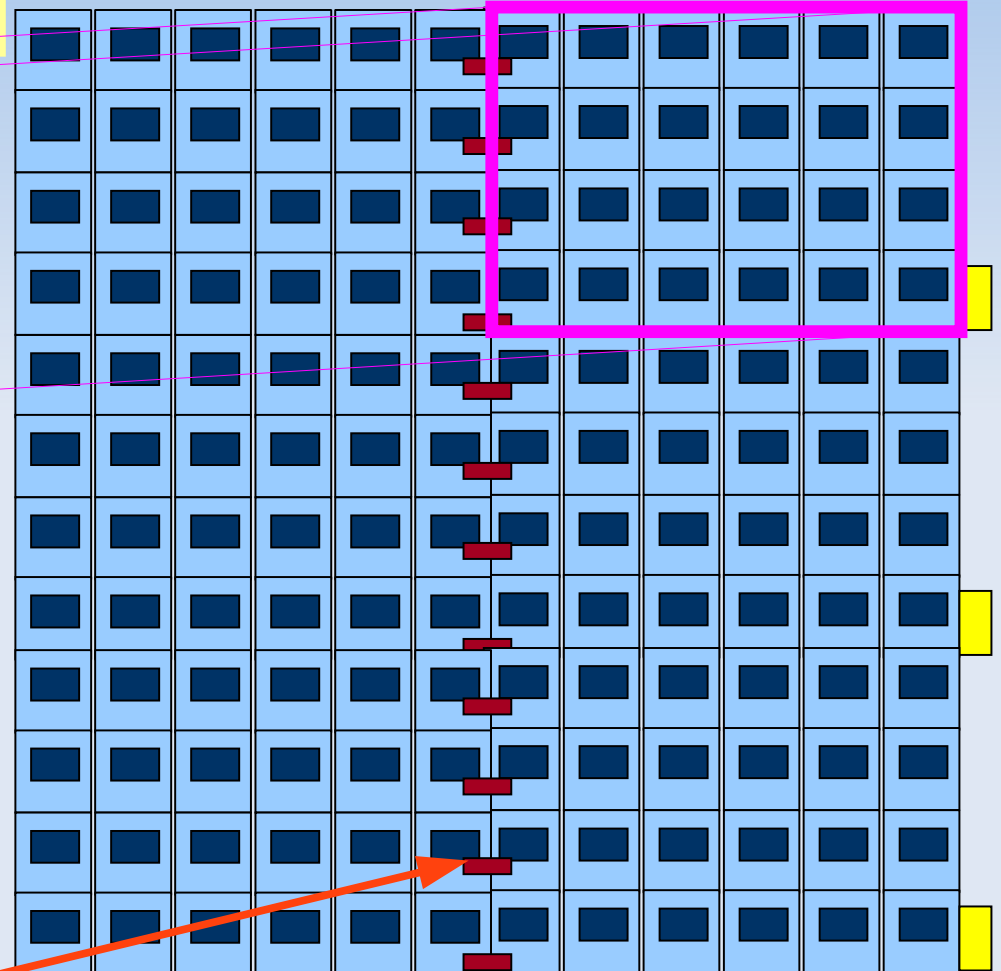


Next steps: m^2 ASIC support Units

1 ASU \rightarrow 6 \times 4 chips

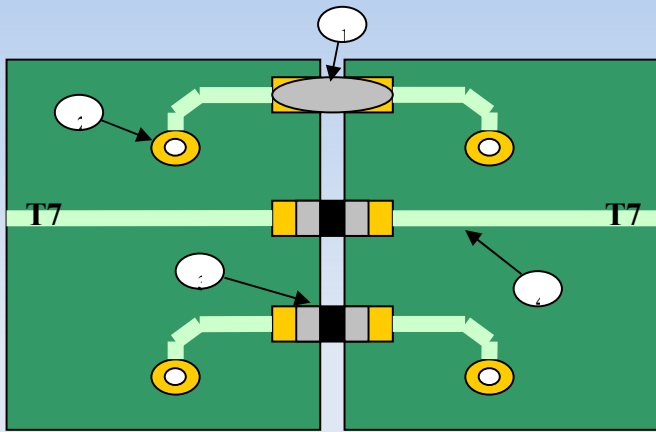


pcb-connector

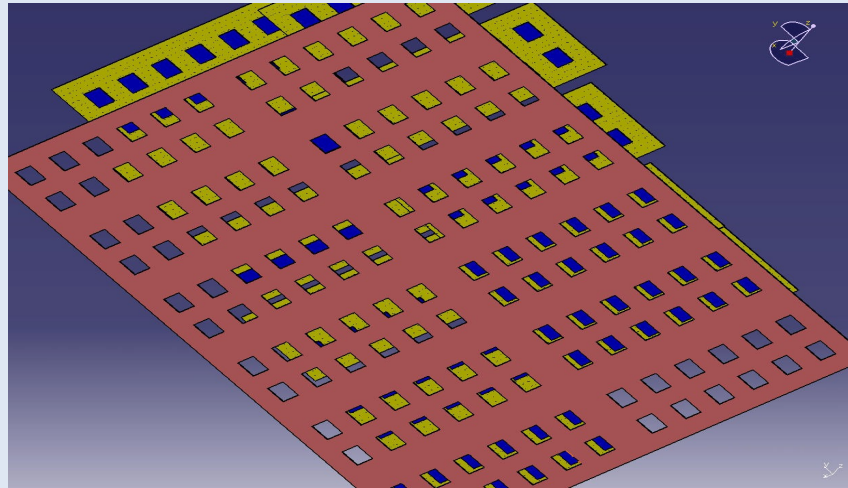
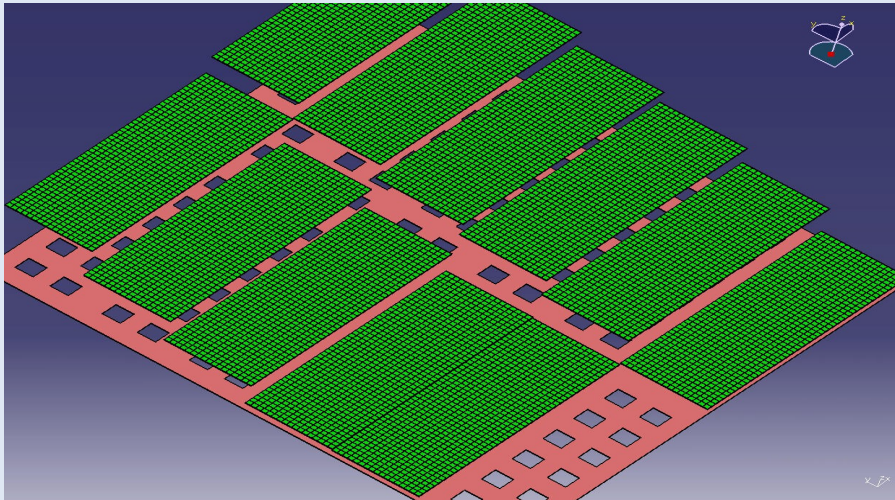
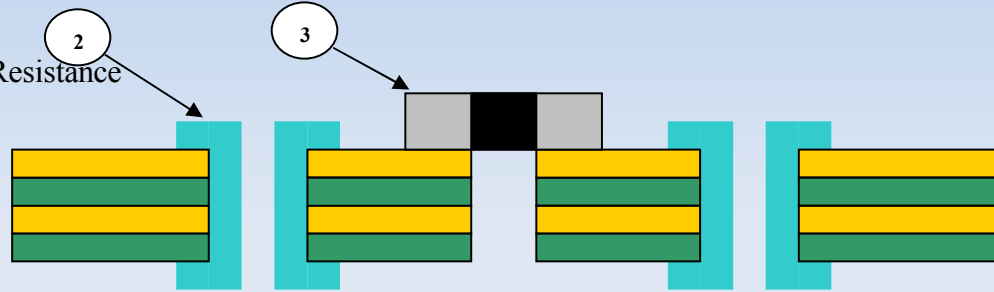


ASU hosting 24 HARDROC chips designed

Connection between the different ASU is under study: signal transmission+ mechanics (IPNL+CIEMAT)

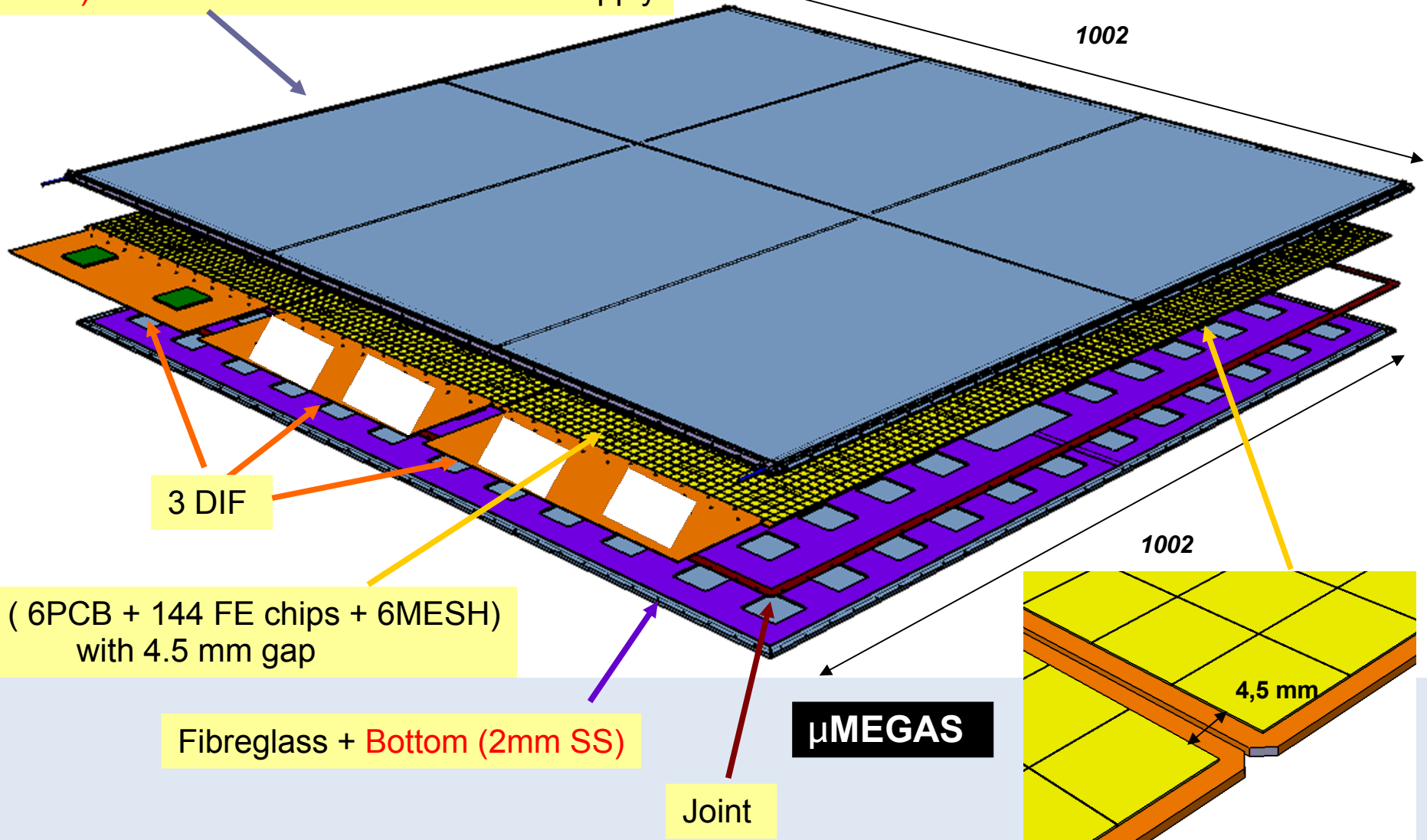


- 1 weld
- 2 Via
- 3 0 Ω Resistance
- 4 Pist

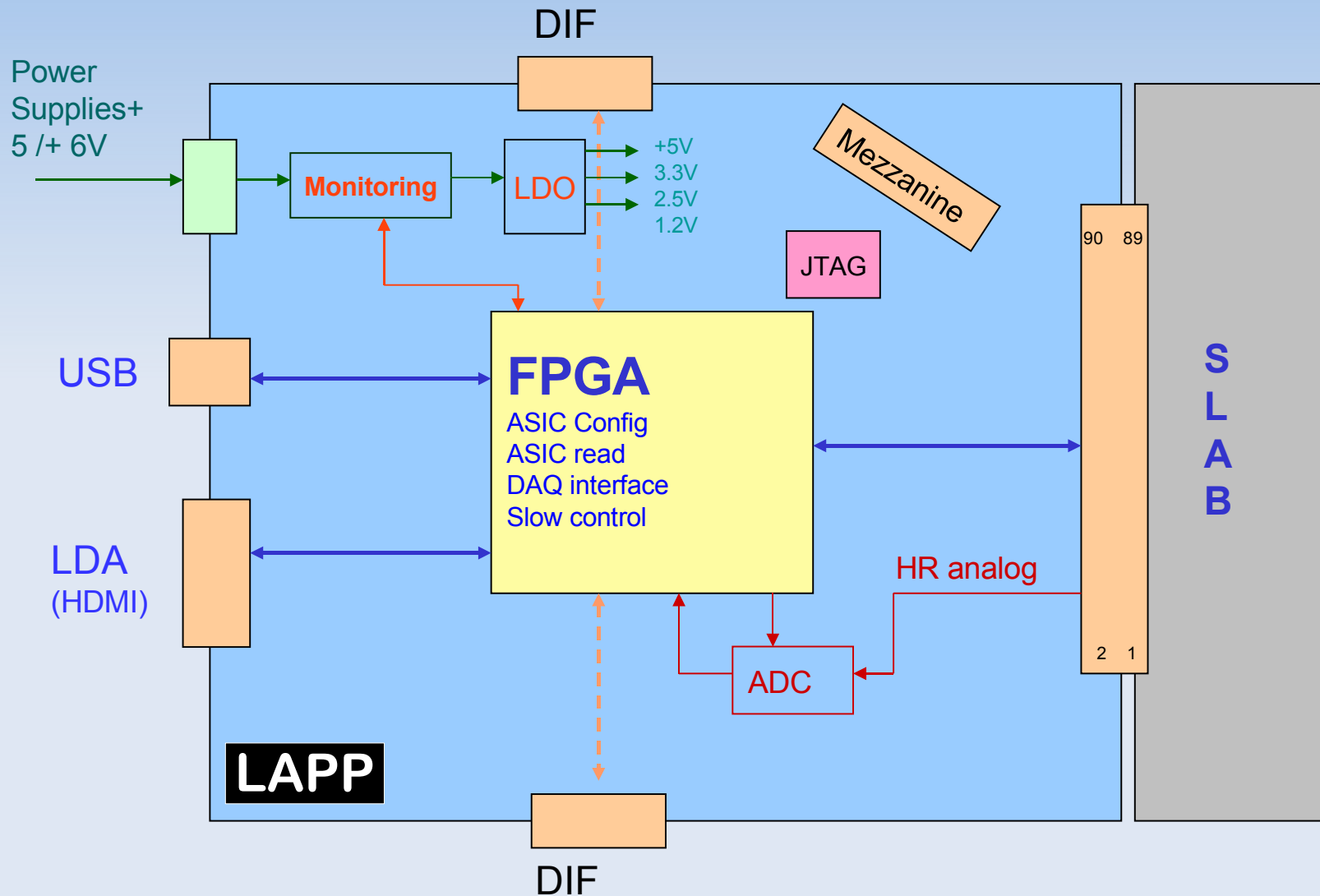


Mechanical design of a 1 m² prototype

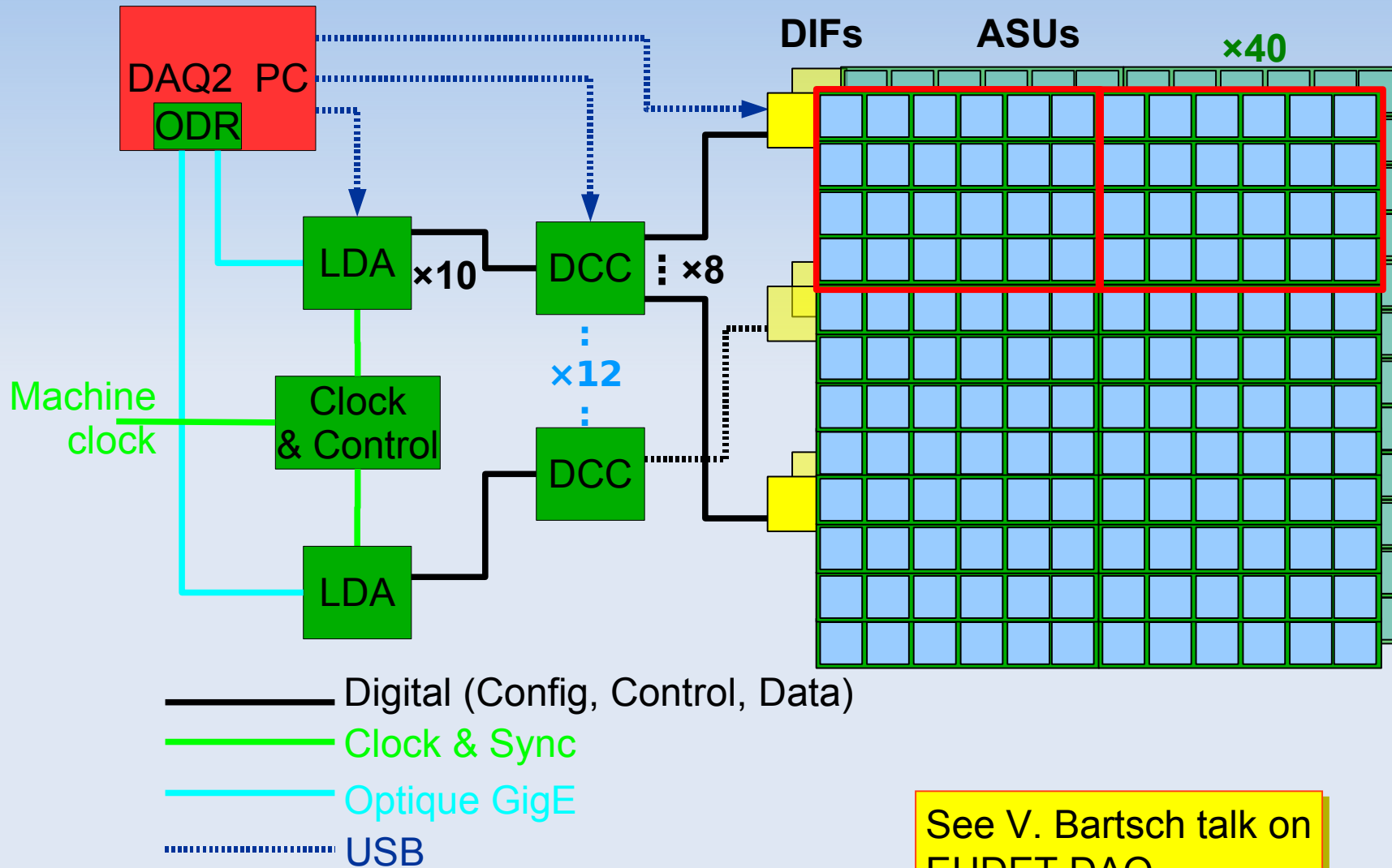
Top (2mm SS) + Drift Cathode + Frame + Gas Supply



Detector InterFace card



First test of EUDET DAQ2

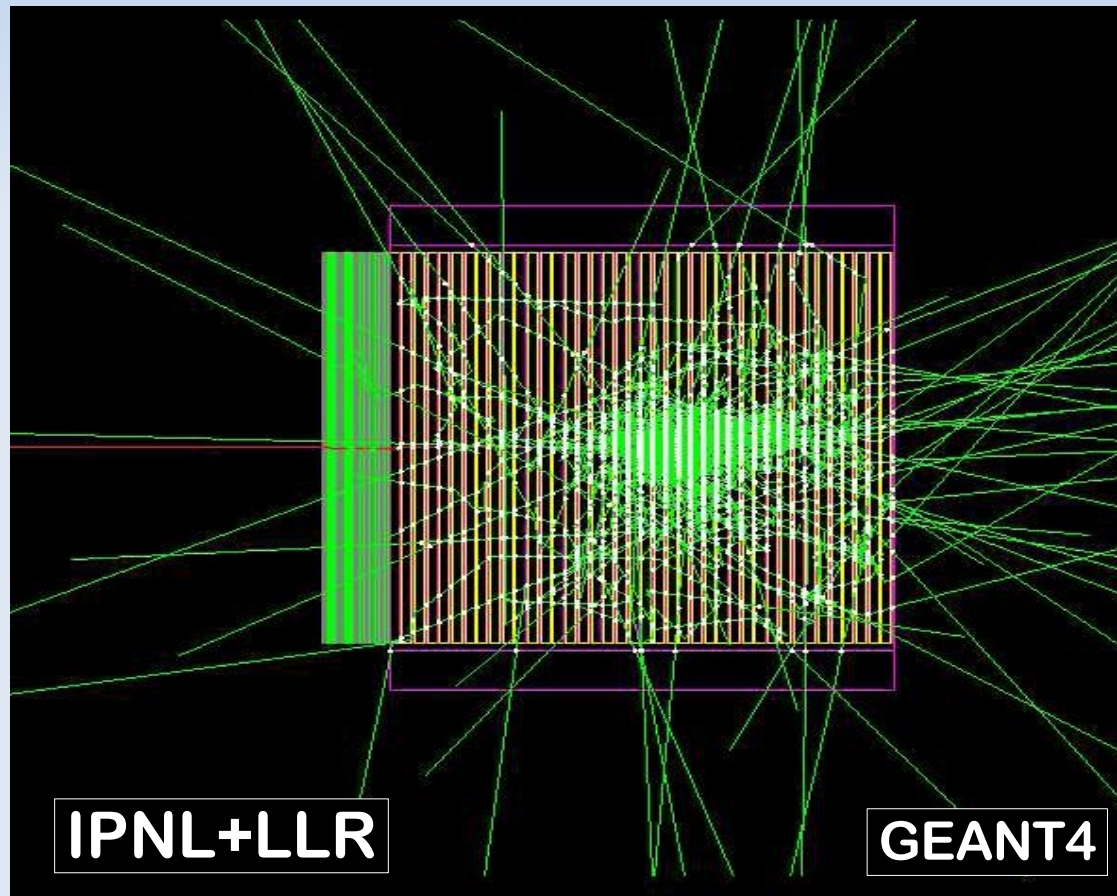


See V. Bartsch talk on EUDET DAQ

Next step: m^3

Perspectives

A 1 m^3 technological prototype ILC-Module0
to be built before 2010



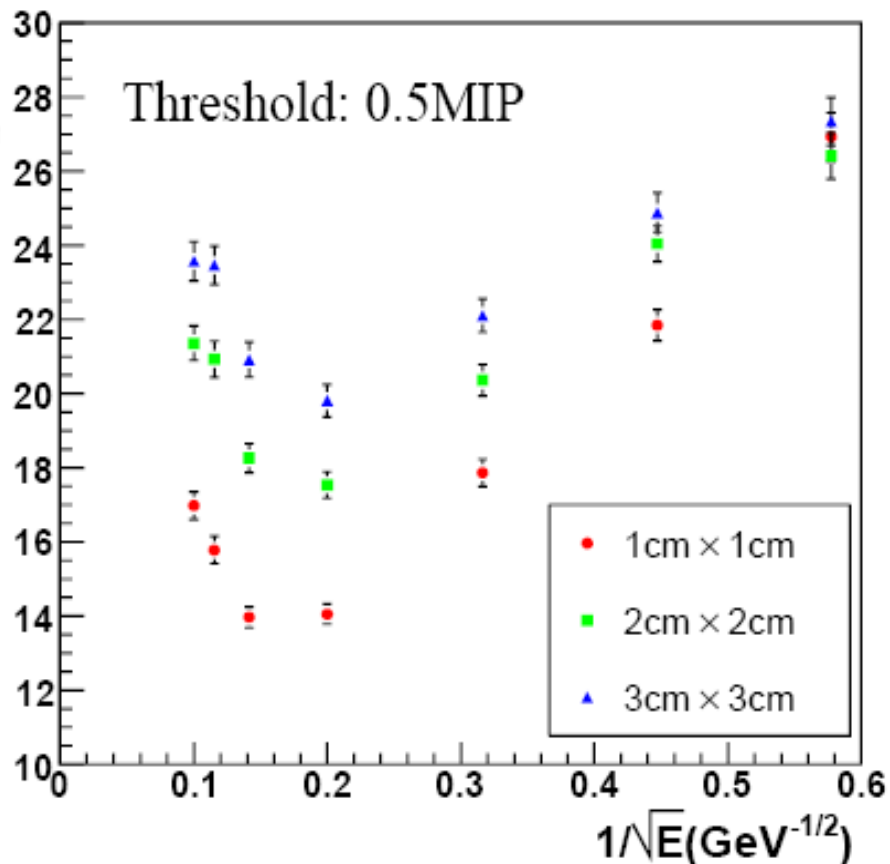
The technological prototype design optimization on going

Conclusions & perspectives

- A **Digital HA**dronic **CAL**orimeter with **semi-digital** (2-3 thr.) readout is very promising candidate for future collider experiments
 - ▶ **integration work going on ⇒ see ILD & SiD pres.**
- Small & big GRPC & μ MEGAS detectors **realised and tested**
- A multi-slice test based on the **embedded** semi-digital readout was successfully tested in a laboratory cosmic bench
- A **beam test** is scheduled next month at CERN.
- **1 m² project** is ongoing and the first plane is expected before the **end of 2008**.
- A full **1 m³ technological prototype** is funded and expected in **2009-2010**

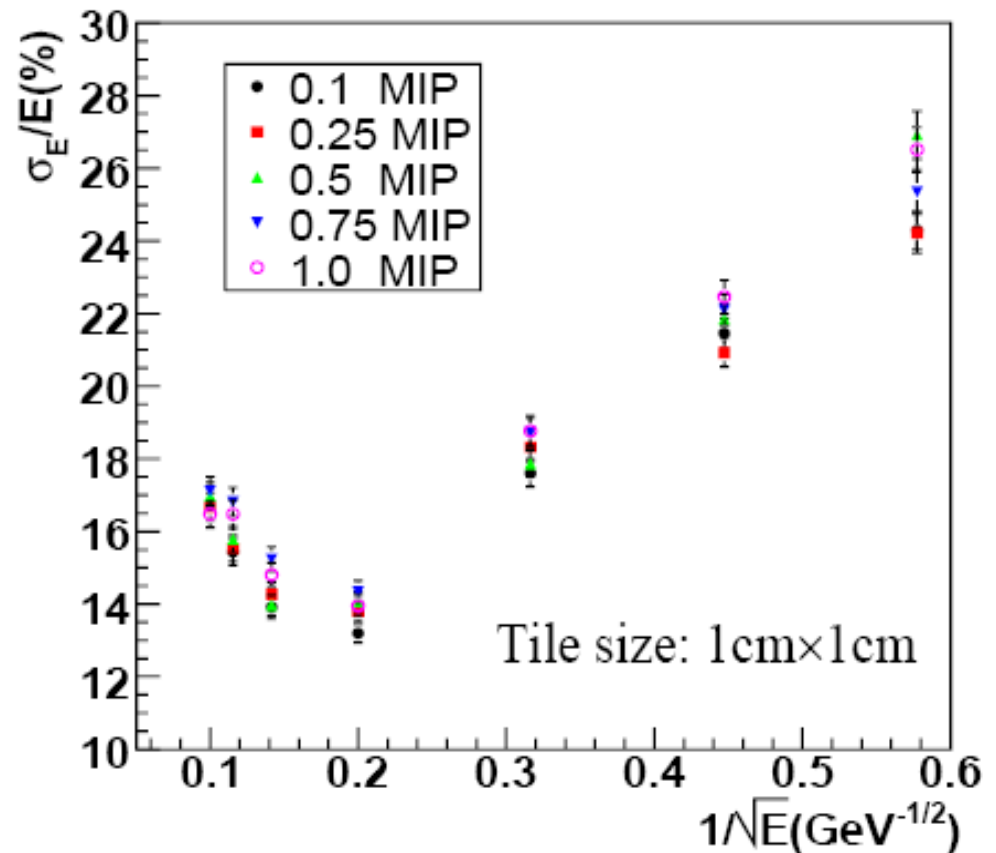
Energy Resolution

Segmentation dependence



→ Smaller size is better
in high energy region

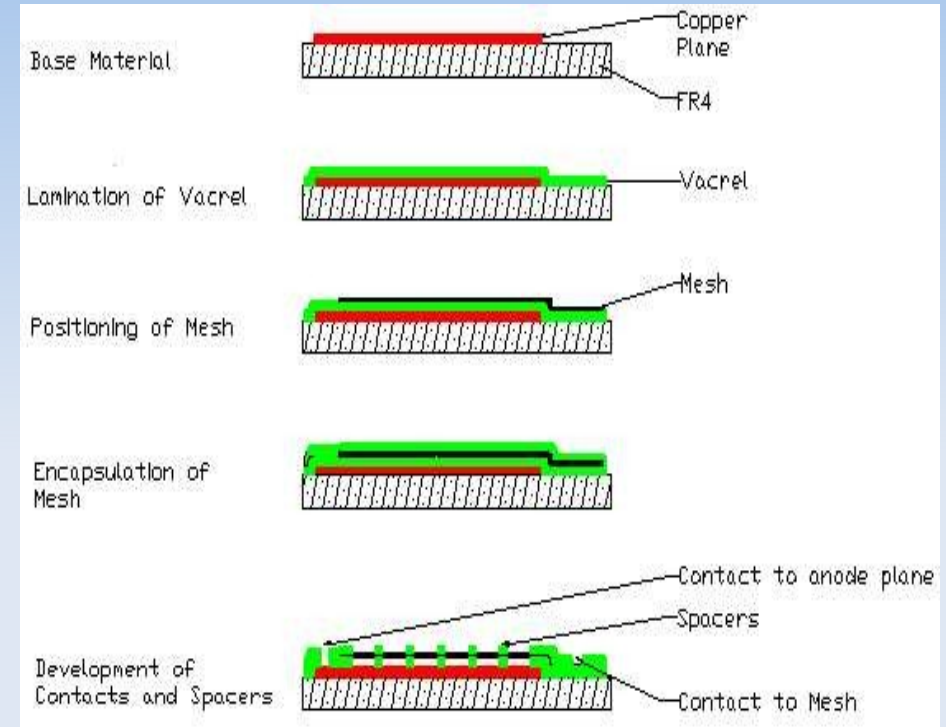
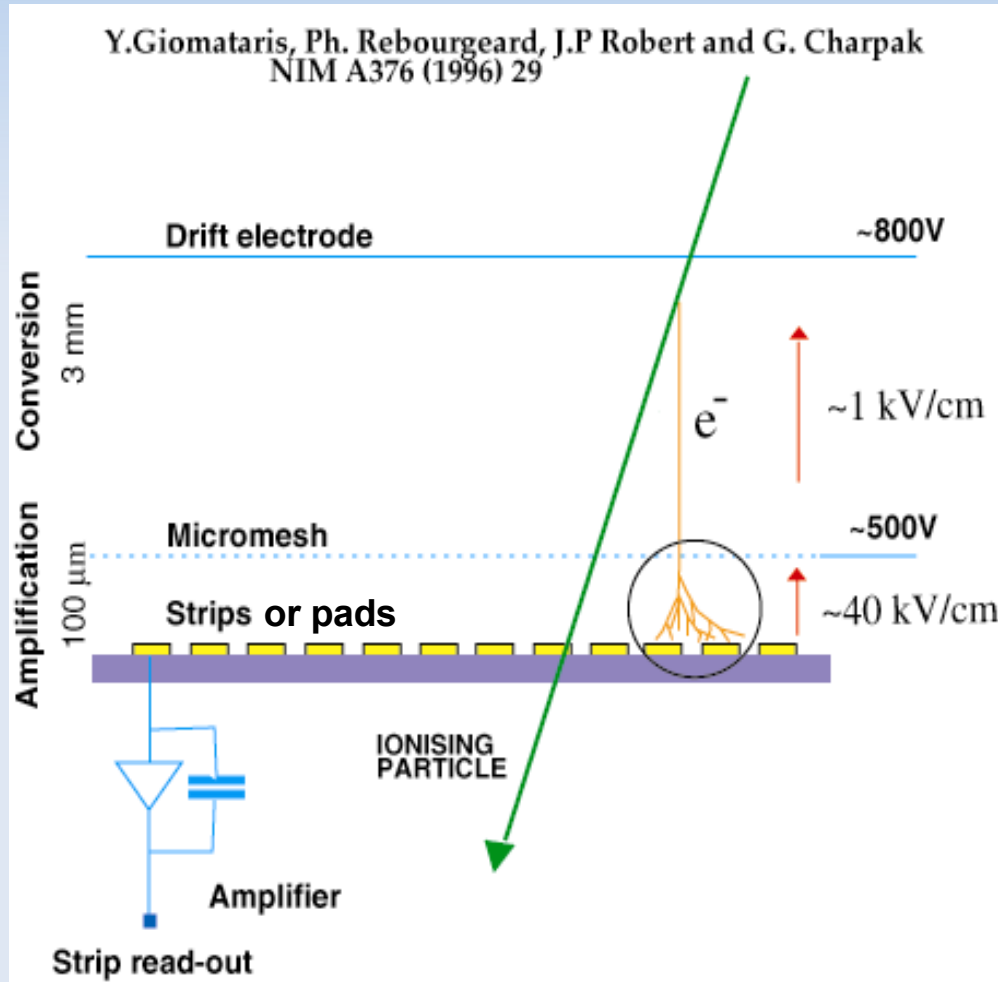
Threshold dependence



→ No significant difference

Micro Mesh gaseous structure

- The bulk technology



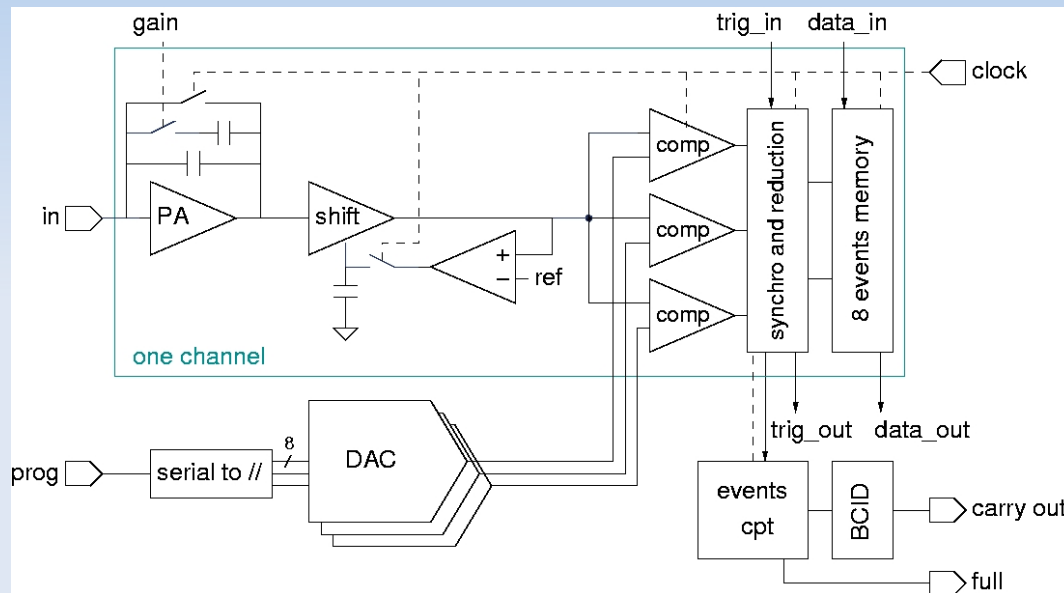
mesh + PCB = 1 block: the bulk
robustness
large area
uniformity
industrial process...

MicroMegas Prototypes

- PCB and bulk from CERN (*Rui de Oliveira*)
 - ▶ 325 LPI mesh
 - ▶ spacers : 120 μm height
300 μm diameter
 - ▶ pads : $0.98 \times 0.98 \text{ cm}^2$, 200 μm between pads
- The chamber
 - ▶ 95% Argon, 5% Isobutane
 - ▶ conversion volume (3mm)
 - ▶ a top in Stainless Steel with a copper drift cathode
- The pad readout : analogue
 - ▶ Gassiplex board : 6 gassiplex chips - 96 channels
Electronics card built for CAST by DAPNIA (P. Colas, Philippe Abbon)
 - ▶ VME sequencer and ADC from CAEN
 - ▶ CENTAURE acquisition (SUBATECH, Nantes, D.Roy)

DIRAC ASIC

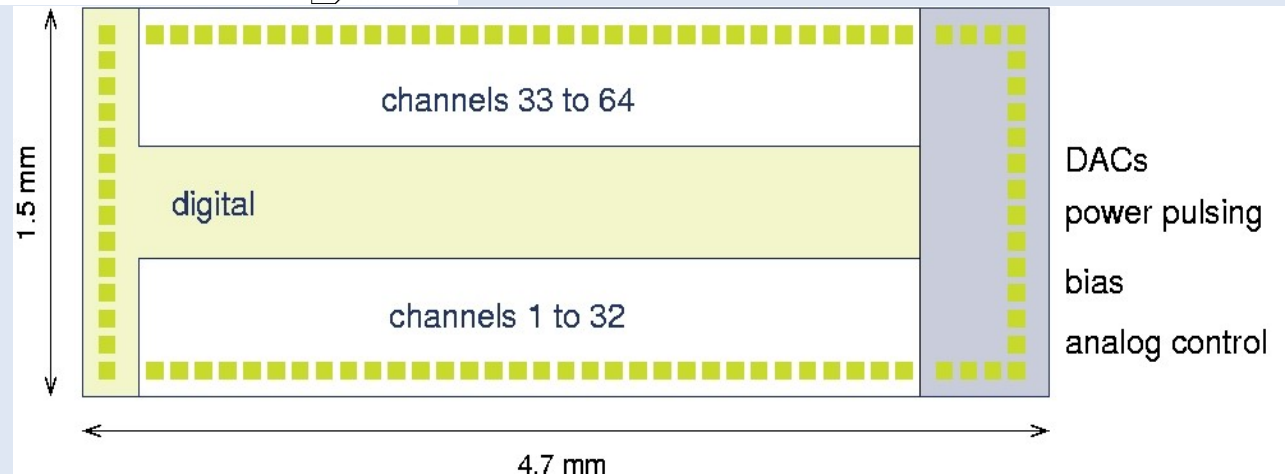
A new chip with a low threshold for μ MEGAS is under development @IPNL

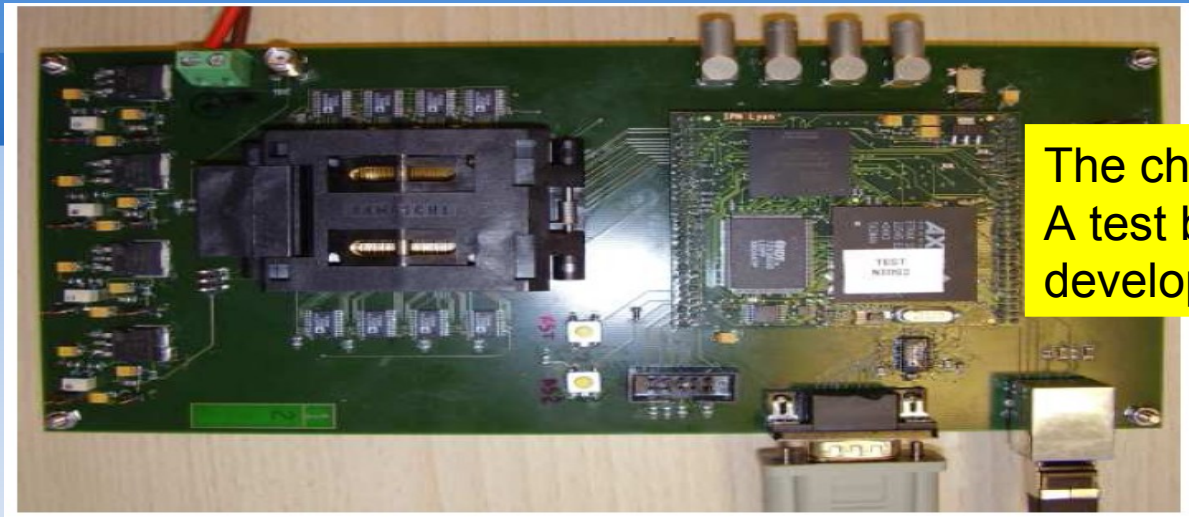


3 DACs (8 bits each)
BCID = 12 bits
memory depth= 8 evts

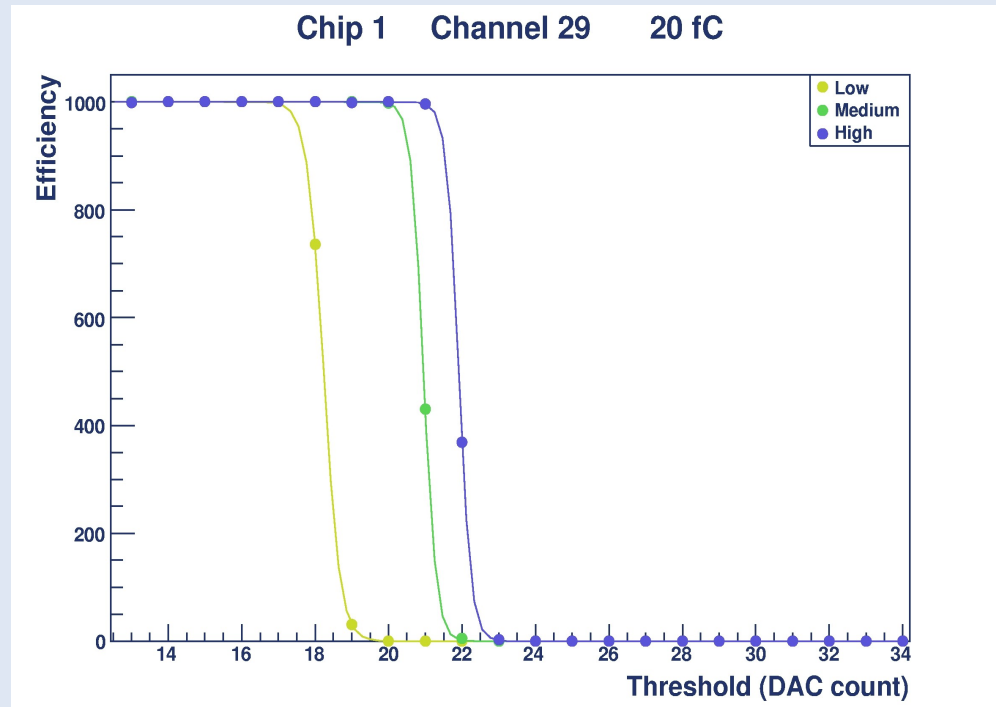
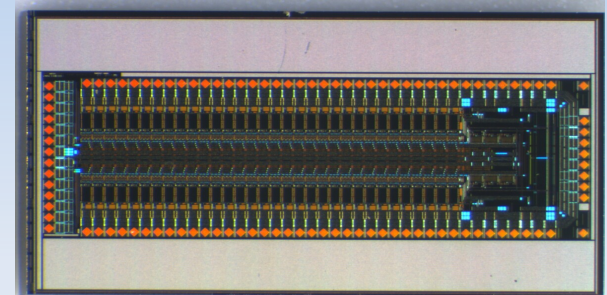
64-ch chip
CMOS tech
power pulsed

Simple geometry





The chip was designed and produced. A test board using OPERA DAQ developed @IPNL was used.



First results:
 Mode μ MEGAS
 0.8 fc/DAQ
 Resolution < 2.5 fc

Tests and improvement are going on